THE COLUMBIAN

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed if paid within 15 days. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our J. B. Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

G. E. ELWELL,
J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1880.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIV, NO. 44.
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLV, NO. 36.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$3.50	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	6.00	10.00
Three inches	4.00	4.50	7.00	12.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	17.00
Half column	10.00	12.00	15.00	25.00
One column	20.00	35.00	50.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before insertion except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisement two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars, must be paid for when inserted.

Obituaries or Local notices, twenty cents a line. Yearly advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Brickbaum, P. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Brickbaum.
Court stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert R. Little.
Sheriff—U. H. Ent.
Treasurer—Daniel Neyhard.
Commissioners—Stephen Pohe, Charles Bichart, A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seely.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Mills.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Directors of Poor District—Directors—E. J. Albertson, Greenwood; Reece Fatrman, Scott; Caleb Barton, Bloomsburg.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—G. A. HERRING.
Clerk—J. K. Gretz.
Chief of Police—H. Harris.
President of the Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President; H. H. Gretz, Cashier; John Pearsall, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles H. Paxton, President; J. P. Austin, Cashier.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Pastor—To be supplied.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. O. D. S. Marclay.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Pastor—Rev. E. H. Yeagle.
Sunday Services—10½ and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 7 o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.

Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—O. H. Strunck.
Services—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7 p. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reese
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Service—2 p. m., in the Iron Street Church
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

D. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law. Office, D. J. Clark's Building, 2d story, room 3 Bloomsburg. may 7, '80-1

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Near depot.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

DR. J. C. RUTTER.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, corner Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1 1879

D. WILMOT CONNER, M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, special attention given to the Diseases and defects of the Eye, Ear Throat and Kidneys in all its various branches. Glasses carefully adjusted to the Eye with PLOETZ GLASSES.

Hours { 8—10 a. m. / 3—4:30 p. m. / 7—8 p. m.

54 East Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
july 16, '80-tf

W. H. HOUSE,
DENTIST,
BLOOMSBURG, COL. CO. PA.

All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.

Office Corner Main and Iron Streets.

To be open at all hours during the day.

Nov. 28-15

MISCELLANEOUS

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. Opera House Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homoeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb 14, '79-tf

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Having returned and opened a first-class BARBER SHOP in Exchange Block, second floor, over Peter Sharpless' store, respectfully solicits the patronage of the old customers and of the public generally.
july 16, '80-tf

CATAWISSA.

WM. I. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. dec 28

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

B. F. HARTMAN
SPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Insuring of Muney Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia. Pa
Franklin, " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hamilton of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office at Market Street No. 8, Bloomsburg, Pa
sept. 26, 79-1y.

Farm for Sale!

The undersigned offers at private sale a FARM OF SIXTY-THREE ACRES, with FRAME HOUSE, barn and other outbuildings in good order, situate in Fishingcreek township in good state of cultivation, 1 mile from Sugar Hollow. Can be purchased on reasonable terms. A fine orchard on the property, and a never-failing spring of Water near the house. For particulars address JOHN J. STILES,
aug. 13, '80-3m* Forks, Columbia county, Pa.

FIRE INSURANCE.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.

These old corporations are well seasoned to age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.

LOSSES PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

PROMPTNESS, EQUITY FAIR DEALING
Nov. 16, '80.

LAWYERS.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. oct. 1, 1879.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Exchange Building.

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

S. H. LITTLE. ROBT. R. LITTLE.

H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second door, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets, Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.
Jan. 16, '8 tf

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe Oct. 1, 1879.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Notary Public

KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Pensions and Bounties Collected

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office in Brower's Block, one door below COLUMBIAN Building
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
July 16, '80-tf

GUY JACOBY,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in the COLUMBIAN Building, second floor.
Oct. 8, '80.

NEW FIRM!

The well known C. B. WHITE, Proprietor of the ORANGEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

has sold a half interest in the same to J. W. Conner. The company have repaired the works, and are prepared to accommodate all who want anything in the line of a reliable implement. They have just completed a new 5 ft hand-While plow, which is possible, will beat the right hand. Also surface plows, or jointers for the same. A new Thresher and Cleaner with centre shake of riddle shoe, called the

White Thresher and Cleaner,

with both lever and railway powers on a greatly improved plan. We manufacture LAND ROLLERS with cast iron heads. Corn Shellers, Wood and single Cultivators side rail Plows, Mill Castings. Turning of every description done with promptness. We keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Plow Shares for our own and many other plows that are used in the country. We will not be undersold in work or material of the same quality. All our work is warranted to give satisfaction, or the money refunded. WE DEFY COMPETITION. Farmers, and the public in general are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

WHITE & CONNER,
Jan. 16, '80-1y ORANGEVILLE, PA.

Rowell & Co's. Advts.

THE
OLD RIP
Long Cut Smoking Tobacco

is solid, moist, fragrant and sweet, smokes cool and looks quick as fast as granulated tobacco.

ALLEN & GINTER, Manufacturers, Richmond, Virginia.
oct. 15, '80-4w r

TO ADVERTISERS.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S.
SELECT LIST OF LOCAL NEWSPAPERS.

An advertiser who spends upwards of $5,000 a year, and who invested over one-fifth of it in this list, writes: "Your select local list paid me better last year THAN ALL THE OTHER ADVERTISING I DID."

It is not a Co-operative List.
It is not a Cheap List.
It is an Honest List.

The catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is, in every instance the BEST, when printed in ITALICS it is the ONLY paper in the place. The list gives the population of every town and the circulation of every paper.

The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publishers' schedule. The price for single States ranges from $2 to $40. The price for one inch for one month in the entire list is $625. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $2,980.14. The list includes 359 papers of which 187 are issued DAILY and 765 WEEKLY. They are located in 168 different cities and towns, of which 46 are State Capitals, 363 places of over 5,000 population, and 468 County seats. For copy of List and other information, address

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,
10 Spruce Street, New York.
oct. 15, '80-4w r

10 CENTS TO JAN. 1. The Chicago Weekly News will be sent, postpaid, from date to Jan. 1st next for 10 cents. This trial subscription will enable readers to become acquainted with the cheapest metropolitan weekly in the U.S. Independent in politics, all the news, correct market reports, 48 columns of stories in every issue. A favorite family paper. Send 10 cents (silver) at once and get it until Jan. 1, 1881. Eleven trial subscriptions for $1.00. Regular price is 75 cts a year. Address Victor F. Lawson, Publisher Weekly News, Chicago, Ill.
oct. 15, '80-4w r

oct. 15, '80-4w r

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce street, New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of advertising in American newspapers. 40-page Pamphlet 25c. 10⁰ 100 r oct. 15-4w

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SIMMONS LIVER DISEASE and indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is always gratuitously sought after. If the Liver is regulated in its action healthful and regular, Indigestion or Want of action in the first stages—Headache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, Bilious attacks, palpitation of the heart, depression of spirits or the blues, and a host of other symptoms SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR is the best remedy that has ever been discovered for these ailments. It acts quickly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can be taken by the most delicate that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way: It has been used for forty years, and honored from all parts of the country with testimonials from Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia; Bishop Pierce, of Georgia; John Gill Shorter, of Alabama; Hon. John B. Gordon, of Georgia; Hon. A. H. Mott, of Columbus, Georgia, are among the hundreds to whom we can refer. Extract of a letter from Alexander H. Stephens, dated March 5, 1872: "I occasionally use which my condition requires it, Dr. Simmons' Liver Regulator, with good effect. It is mild, and suits me better than more active medicines."

It is not the quality eaten that gives strength, life, blood and health to the body. It is the thorough digestion of the food which is eaten. It is much or little. Therefore do not stimulate the stomach to crave food, but rather assist digestion after eating by taking

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR
Original and Genuine
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Price $1.00. Sold by all Druggists.
April 16, '80-1y.

SEIDLITINE.
Seidlitz Powders. As pleasant as a glass of Lemonade. 25 cents. All Druggists.

LAXATINE.
Laxative Lozenges for Regulating the Bowels. Prevents and Cures Constipation. 25 cents per box. All Drug Stores.

Elder Thomson, Pastor of the Church of the Disciples of Christ, Detroit, Mich.—"My son was dangerously ill and entirely prostrated from Chills and Fever. Quinine and other medicines had been tried without effect. Mr. Craig who had used Thermaline as a Tonic, advised a trial of it, which was done, resulting in his complete recovery within a few days."

DOCUTA CAPSULES.
Safe and reliable cure for Kidney Complaints, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs. Invalid or Lady. They will cure any Backache in seven days. The world Docuta is on every box. Price per box, with full directions, Capsules (small size) 75 cents. Capsules (large size) $1.25. At all Drug Stores. Mailed on receipt of price by DUNDAS DICK & CO., 35 Wooster Street, New York. Circulars free.

PILES Instantly relieved, by the use of Macqueen Matico Ointment, and CURED after several applications of it. Sold by all Druggists, or mailed on receipt of 25c. by DUNDAS DICK & CO., Mfg. Chemists, 35 Wooster Street, New York.

HOLMAN'S PAD

Cures without Medicine—Simply by Absorption. The Only True Malarial Antidote.

Dr. Holman cautions the public against counterfeit and imitation "Pads," of all kinds. Insist upon the Genuine Having the above Engraved and green private revenue stamp of Holman Pad Co., New York.

This is a true remedy—without medicine. Its fame has become world-wide. Thousands are using it to be cured of Malaria, Fevers, Chills, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, and Chronic Nervousness. It is only necessary to get the GENUINE Holman's Pad. It never fails.

Holman's Pad genuine is sold by Druggists. If in doubt address the Manufactures of Pads offered, enclose $2 in registered letter to us and receive the remedy by return mail, postpaid, or write us for free treatise. If severely afflicted with chronic complaints, describe symptoms fully. Dr. Holman's advice is GRATIS.

Address, HOLMAN PAD CO., 59 William Street, New York.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE is the safest and best; acts instantaneously, producing the most natural shades of black or brown; does not stain the skin; is not a sediment, but a liquid. A standard preparation; favorite upon every well appointed toilet for lady or gentleman. Sold by all druggists and applied by all hair dressers. J. CRISTADORO, New York.

WILLSON'S
CARBOLATED
(Norwegian)
Is retained by the Weakest Stomach. Is Free from Unpleasant Taste. Arrests Decay. Never gets Rancid.

It cures *Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchitis*, Emaciation, *Coughs*, Colds, Hoarseness and all *lung* and *constitutional complaints*.

As a *Blood Purifier* the Carbolated Oil is remarkably efficient. It is used in Scrofulous Affections, Rheumatism, &c., is strongly recommended. Its purifying power is wonderful in Cancerous and Tumorous pending, until frequently does, upon Scrofulous taint.

It acts upon the rational theory of IMMEDIATELY ASSISTING DIGESTION, and by RESTORING THE SYSTEM, enabling it to throw off the disease.

Sold only in wedge-shaped bottles. Willson is spelled with a double "L." Remember the word "CARBOLATED" in ordering from your druggist, and insist on having the right kind.

GURNEY CHEMICAL CO., N. Y.

COD LIVER OIL

BUCHAN'S
CARBOLIC BALM
OINTMENT
IS THE
Best Salve in the World.
Trade Mark.
Quick and Startling Cures.
It Heals Without a Scar.
Allays Pain & Stops Bleeding.
Soothes a Burn or Scald.
Heals a Cut Like Magic.
Draws Poison out of a Wound.

BUCHANS' CARBOLIC
BALM OINTMENT
CONTAINS NO GREASE AND WASHES OFF WITHOUT SOAP.
acts Instantly and like Magic.

For Salt Rheum, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Piles, Sore Eyes, Poisonous Stings & Bites, Mother's Itch, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Sore Nipples, and any and every other purpose for which a salve or ointment can be used. Physicians' Co's Balm Ointment is the best preparation that can always be relied upon. It is a beautiful pulverized article, and is glass jars with the above "trade mark." Without this none is genuine. Be sure and buy your druggist procures it, as above described. Circulars and free on application to the manufacturers.

BUCHAN MANUFACTURING CO.

Raven Indellible Ink.
WON'T WASH OUT.
CLOTHES
Sold by all Druggists in Book Stores and Stationers. Gurney Chemical Co., N. Y.

MALONIE AND MURPHY.

AN IMPROVED AND MODERIZED VERSION OF A PASSAGE FROM SCOTT'S MARMION.

Malonie stood at Murphy's bar
And quaffed his beer, and murmured: "Ah!
'Twas good! And now most noble friend,
To labor I my way must wend,
And for the beer that I have drank,
You, sir, most heartily I thank."
The Murphy gave his nail a poke,
Folded his arms, and thus he spoke:
"Ye can't work no such racket here;
I want five cents, surr, for that beer."
Malonie answered straight:
"I'll bought I drank at your expense,
But I won't kick about five cents,
Just put it on the slate."
Murphy replied: "Not much, you know,
I want five cents before you go."
Then turned Malonie's cheeks like fire,
And shook his very frame for ire:
"An' this to me!" he said,
"And 'twere not for thy hoary beard.
Begad Malonie had not spared
To punch the Murphy's head;
Abd Murphy, note I tell thee, here
E'en in thy pitch of pride,
As thou assert'st I'm not the peer
Of any man in this ward here
And can't be trusted for a beer,
Thou Murphy, thou hast lied!"
On Murphy's face an angry flush
Deepened the rum-created blush.
Fierce he burst forth: "And dar'st thou then
To beard the lion in his den,
The Murphy in his mile?
And hopest thou hence unlicked to go?
Not By old Moses piper no!
Bartender, close the door, an' oh
Thou blackguard I will kill."
Malonie turned. He had full need
Of all his noted powers of speed
Over the threshold quick he sprang,
Just as the door closed with a bang.
So little time had he to clear,
A brick hurled at him grazed his ear.
But, when the Murphy reached the door,
He'd gone and there was seen no more.

—*Boston Post.*

Select Story.

MY FIRST PROPOSAL.

'A faint heart never won a fair lady,' has become a settled truism; but whether a strong heart ever won a coquette, is problematical; yet, as far as I am concerned, I will endeavor to solve the question.

The dullness of the summer months in the city induced me to return to my native town. I had been absent several years and longed to visit once more the scenes of my childhood, and enjoy the pure air and idleness of the country. It was in the quiet and sober village of Pelham that I met with the heroine of my story.

I had been in town but a few days, when the quiet of the village was sensibly disturbed that Mrs. Beals was to give a party, for the purpose of introducing her neice, Miss Polly Shivers. Such an uncommon occurrence formed of course the all-absorbing topic of conversation, and various were the reports circulated regarding the young lady who was to form the chief attraction of the evening; but all agreed that she was an heiress, and disengaged. A residence in the city for several years had softened the natural uncouthness of my manners, and, given me a degree of confidence necessary to figure in society, and this confidence was rendered doubly strong when I thought of the insignificant rivalry I should meet among the village beaux; so I fully resolved to monopolize Miss Shivers, and, if possible gain her affections.

The evening for the party arrived, and in order to create an overwhelming sensation, as well as to give evidence of city breeding, I repaired at a late hour to Mrs. Beals, and, of course, found the whole company assembled. Opposite the door were seen half a dozen young ladies, standing, arm in arm, watching for the entrance of each party, while another group were telling fortunes or looking over some soiled engravings. The village beaux clustered about the door, keeping at a respectful distance from the ladies, their countenances betraying the will to do but not the soul to dare.

Miss Shivers was standing in the recess of a window listlessly gazing on the scene around her, but without appearing to participate in the gaiety of her companions. Her person was rather beyond the common size, or perhaps I should say it was a very uncommon size, and she would have been vulgarly termed fleshy. Her hair, the color of which might have been poetically called auburn, but which, in plain prose, we will describe as sunburnt yellow, was dressed smoothly back from her forehead, and gathered into a knot on the crown of her head, over which a gilded comb stood stiffly up like a gravestone in a desert.

I could never discover the color of her eyes, but they must have been very attractive, for they were continually looking at each other from over the bridge of her nose—which, by the way, offered but a slight obstacle—so that the lady would have been called, by malicious persons, cross-eyed. I have often heard of a transparent skin, and a brilliant complexion, but never exactly understood the meaning of the terms, but I should not say that Miss Shivers had a transparent skin, though her complexion was very brilliant and beautifully reflected the lights in the room and shone conspicuously above all others.

The lady was dressed in a white satin, gayly ornamented with flounces, lace and ribbons, and the dress shone off like a newly painted house, and was as stiff as chissel drapery. An enormous gold chain hung from her neck, to which was attached a watch of no delicate dimensions, the dial being exposed it was very useful to her neighbors a pair of long white kid gloves covered the lower part of her rather muscular arms and finely contrasted with a pair of most inveterate red elbows.

Now, dear reader, you have before you, as well as my feeble pen can describe, the belle of Mrs. Beal's party.

Though Miss Shivers was not very prepossessing in her appearance, the ten thousand dollars which she had in her own right, induced me to be introduced to her. But I will not weary the reader by a narration of the numerous flattering attentions I bestowed upon the young lady or the significant remarks which those civilities occasioned among the guests; suffice it to say, that I returned home that night fully resolved to win, at all hazards, the heart of the heiress.

For the first week I made but little progress, but I was not to be discouraged. No attention was omitted—not an art in the whole catalogue was left untried—still my lady love was unmoved; she spoke not a word of encouragement. Still I persevered; day after day I was at her house; books I brought from the library, the choicest fruits were to be found on her table, I read one volume of "Elegant Extracts," merely to find some lines for her album expressive of my feelings.

Poets have sung of the devotedness of Leander, who swam the Hellespont to see his lady love, but I waded neck deep in the horse pond to procure for my love the water lily. Romeo leaped the garden wall to see his Juliet, but I sat for hours on the fence to watch my Polly as she retired to her chamber. But all these evidences of my devotion were of no avail; I wrought no change; I was enduring "the keenest of all ills—uncertainty," and resolved to bring the affair to a crisis.

How to make the proposal was the next question. After a dozen plans I resolved to ask the lady to take a ride, and to seize that opportunity to open my heart to her. My invitation was accepted, and hope revived again. At two o'clock I was seen driving through the town with Miss Shivers seated at my side.

The awful moment now arrived. I was now to know my destiny. I was to be the accepted lover or rejected one. I became excessively agitated; every word of the beautiful address I had concocted the night previous vanished from my memory. But an attempt was to be made, and when we had passed through the village into the open country I broke the ice.

I began first by calling her attention to the beautiful scenery, for I thought a little sentiment was necessary. I spoke of the waving grass, the laughing flowers, the azure skies, and the thousand little beauties that everywhere meet the eye. The lady agreed with me exactly, but she spoke with no enthusiasm; there was no sentiment, no romance, no feeling, and I found this would not answer, so I stood on another attack.

'Have you ever been to New York, Miss Shivers?' I ventured to ask.

'No, sir.'

'Don't you think you should like to reside there?' giving the horse a cut.

'I really cannot say, Mr. Simpson.'

'I think you could be pleasantly situated there (another cut); the society is very fine, though one certainly wishes for his friends around him. I often feel lonely, and sigh for a companion—'

'Yes sir.'

'I am confident you could be happy there,' I replied, almost in despair, and giving the horse a tremendous lash. 'I should delight to introduce you to my friends, if my society is as agreeable to you as yours is—'

'Mr. Simpson!' shrieked Miss Shivers, 'you are driving into the ditch!'

The words were no sooner spoken than over we went, and both were thrown from the chaise. Miss Shivers screamed the poor horse kicked, and I endeavored to free myself from the reins.

I arose at last but in the very agony of despair. I gazed upon the lady. What an object! Bonnet torn, dress soiled and face covered with mud. I felt like sinking into the earth. I begged, entreated, but had not the power to move.

'I will never venture into that chaise again, said the lady; 'but why don't you assist me? I shall die—I am dying.'

She went into hysterics. I caught her as she fell, and though my arm was nearly broken in the attempt to save, I supported her. She revived at last, and I succeeded in persuading her to take a seat in the chaise, I turned the horse's head toward the village.

Here was a downfall to all my hopes. I was a ruined man I knew. I threw my head back against the chaise, and in silence indulged in my misery. The lady muttered a few words about careless driving, broken bones and ruined dresses, but spoke not a word of consolation.

I drove rapidly home, scarcely knowing where I was going, until I was aroused by the renewed screams of Miss Shivers, and I had just time to see that I had run over a child that was playing in the road. My companion became alarmed, and ordered me to give up the reins.' In vain I expostulated—in vain I stated the ridiculous figure we should make driving through the town; I was obliged to yield my right as driver, and the lady took the reins.

Imagine me, dear reader, riding through the village, driven by a lady.

I returned home in a state of mind bordering on insanity. I thought of the scandal the affair would create, the jokes that would be made at my expense, and the utter annihilation of all my dreams of bliss. I rushed from my room, and, finding no person on which to wreak my vengeance, I ran to the stable and lashed the poor horse until I was exhausted by the exercise.

A week passed and I scarce ventured from the house, but remained "a weary, worn and wretched thing," acting to perfection the despairing lover. At last I ventured to open my heart to a friend, who informed me that Miss Shivers had quite forgotten the affair and considered it a capital joke. My friend also stated that I should meet her at the house that evening, when all would be explained and settled.

My heart beat warm again and a smile was seen once more upon her face, when with a faint heart I succeeded in making an humble apology for my past conduct. I could have cried for joy when I found that all was forgiven, and that I was reinstated in Miss Shivers' good graces.

Shortly after our reconciliation I was invited to another party, and of course was Miss Shivers' escort.

The evening passed rapidly away, and when the hour arrived for the company to depart, it was discovered that a cloud had arisen, which threatened a tremendous shower.

Miss Shivers was determined to walk home, although I hinted that I would order my chaise, forgetting the character that I had established as a driver. My arm was offered, however, and under an umbrella we departed. We had two two miles to walk, but we had not proceeded many rods before the rain began to fall in torrents, accompanied by strong symptoms of thunder and lightning. I drew the shawl closely around the lady, and inquired if she was alarmed. She replied:

'I do not mind the thunder much, I am rather shy of lightning.'

I had determined during the evening to renew my proposal, and I thought the present a good opportunity, though we walked nearly a mile ere I could screw my courage to the sticking point. At last I broke the painful silence.

'Miss Shivers our unfortunate upset prevented me from expressing my feelings as fully as I could wish, but I hope—'

'Oh! Mr. Simpson how it lightens: I hope you have no steel in your umbrella.'

'No, nor is my heart of steel, I replied. 'I have so longed for an opportunity to express to you my deep—'

'How careless you are, Mr. Simpson, you have led me into a puddle of water. I should think the lightning would direct you.'

'Oh! but the lightning of your eyes alone directs me! I exclaimed with some emotion.

'Don't talk such nonsense Mr. Simpson, I won't listen to it.'

But I had committed myself and my tongue would not be silent.

'I love you,' I exclaimed, 'and I must tell you so.'

'Mr. Simpson, if you don't mind your business I won't walk with you.'

I grasped her hand, fell down on my knees in a puddle of water, and while the rains from heaven and burning tears trickled down my face I gave utterance to my feelings in no studied language. In vain I spoke of the ardor and sincerity of my attachment, in vain I pictured my future misery if I should be rejected. Eloquence was of no avail, and I changed my language. I upbraided her and called he a coquette, a hard-hearted heartless woman, and a traitor with my affections. I talked of pistols and suicide, but all in vain. The lady tore the umbrella from my hand, and after a few peculiar epithets left me in my misery.

The rain was falling in torrents, the lightning flashed, the thunder roared, but I heeded them not. I remained fixed, immovable, senseless. How long I stood upon that spot I know not, but when I came to my senses I was drenched to the skin and cold as an icle. Mortal man could not resist the elements longer. I gave one more look, one more ejaculation of anguish, and ran for home. Wet, exhausted, desperate, I entered the house, seated myself before the kitchen fire. A little reflection told me of my infatuation. I saw that I had been jilted, laughed at and deceived. I knew that I had made a fool of myself, and I became enraged.

I paced the room like a mad man; it rang me with vows of vengeance. I upset a cupboard of crockery—overthrew the tables and chairs. I threw my mothers favorite cat into the fire and knocked Aunt Nancy's lap dog into the load with the gruel iron. The whole house was in confusion—my mother screamed, the children cried, but I heeded them not, but rushed to my chamber and locked the door.

How I passed that night the reader can imagine; suffice it to say that I left town the next morning, curses the day I visited Pelham, and mortified by the result of "my first proposal."

Delays are dangerous in diseases of the kidneys. Day's Kidney Pad is the sure cure.

Cheap Parlor Plants.

For room decoration why do not people take some hardy things that do not mind heat nor frost or drought or flood—that is if none of these things come into great extremes. There are such among things; but instead of looking for these tender green house things that require much light and great care—things which even a florist with all his skill can scarcely grow—are taken in hand, and thousands very often fail of success. Of course after making a close acquaintance with plants and learning their little whims and fancies and just how to humor them in those little niceties that they set their hearts upon, the parlor gardner can do as well as the green house gardner, and often much better.

If however the hardier things are taken, success is certain without much anxiety or care, and one can practice on them until they are able to care for the more delicate things.

Among the less of these old fashioned plants easy to grow in sunshine or shade there is nothing so good as the various varieties of English evergreen ivy. As usually seen in pots on street corners, pretty as they are they give no idea of the great beauty which a plant of several years' old presents. We have seen some growth in moderate sized tubs six or seven feet high trained over wires so as to make backs to seats or even little arbor like coverings or alcoves, admirable for standing in wide entrys or halls. They may be trained up in pots high enough and thick enough to cover window frames entirely, not only up the sides but round and over tops, making what is usually a dreary room look like a living bower, or a room adorned by the highest art look all the better for the mention of beautiful nature on her especial domain.

We have seen the ivy in just these conditions frequently and wonder why the successful example is not catching. We suppose it must be simply a want of to thought. We see and admire and resolve that we will do likewise; but we leave those fairy spots and get into the rushing busy world, forgetting those pleasurable impressions and only remembering them when chance throws us in the way of seeing them again.

The time is now come when preparation may be made for these sort of things. The young ivys should be potted in the spring in good garden soil, and after a reminder that they are expected to travel upwards by being put to a stout stake set in the centre of the pot, set out in partial shade to grow. It will need to have just the same watering and just the same general culture as ordinary plants, and by fall will be large enough for some show the same winter. But it is the second season and after wards that the great beauty of the ivy will be seen, and it is just those three or four-year-old plants that people very seldom see.

How dearly we should like to see a couple of these pots of ivy in everybody's winter home, and especially in the homes of the poor. We read every year in the daily papers of some individuals at Christmas giving away loafs of bread to the poor. This may be well enough in its way, though it is looked on often as a huge joke and the loafs tossed about in fun, and though it is at other times merely a dodge for cheap advertising by some trader who thinks himself sharp in thus cheating a publisher of a five dollar bill, we are willing to believe that some do it from good motives and that some return genuine thanks for timely relief; but if some one would distribute a few hundreds of well grown ivy to the poor and ignorant not to say vicious, at this generally cheerful time, we believe an immense amount of pleasure would be given to a class who know not what rational pleasure is, and no doubt other good would follow.

"Trouble commences early in life," we hear a young wife say, when she sees for a bottle of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, to cure the baby.

A Royal Churching.

QUEEN CHRISTINA OF SPAIN GIVES THANKS TO THE MADONNA—POPE LEO'S OFFERINGS BROUGHT TO THE INFANTA MERCEDES—MOTHER AND CHILD.

A Madrid correspondent telegraphs the following: "Forty days having elapsed since the birth of Infanta Mercedes two curious ceremonies took place in the palace on the 21st ult., on the occasion of the first appearance in public of Queen Christina. Before ten o'clock in the morning crowds of people assembled before the palace, carriages deposited many ladies wearing black or white mantillas. Ministers, generals and diplomatists followed in full uniform. When they got to the galleries on the first floor they found them filled with a brilliant company and the Chapel Royal already occupied with marshals, judges, grandees, and the royal household. Many prelates and choristers clustered round the alt

The Columbian.

O. E. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Nov. 5, 1880.

THE ELECTION.

At this time, (Wednesday afternoon) it looks very much as though the Democracy have suffered a tremendous defeat. The Republicans are claiming New York, Connecticut, Indiana, Maine, California and other states. While it is too early yet to make an accurate statement of the result, there can be but little doubt that they have carried New York State, and if this be true, there is very strong probabilities that Garfield will be elected. Pennsylvania has given him about about 25,000 majority. The result was scarcely expected by the republicans, though for a few days past it has been indicated by many signs.

While our defeat in Indiana was no worse than the republican defeat in Maine in September, they had the advantage of us in having the last victory. The Indiana disaster was mainly due to the unpopularity of Landers and English, and was greatly assisted by the coercion of the workingmen. In the other states we had to contend with this defeat and the great blunder made at the Cincinnati Convention in adopting the "tariff for revenue only" plank. While we are warmly in favor of protection, and believe that this plank when properly understood does not mean free trade, it was so worded as to allow of misrepresentation by the republicans. They at once saw their advantage and seized it. Following this came the "business scare" which stirred up men of money all over the country, and they set to work with their purses and influence to beat us. In many instances the most unscrupulous means were resorted to to compel laboring men to vote the republican ticket. They were told that the mills and furnaces would all stop, and that there would be either very low wages or no wages at all, if Hancock was elected, and much other similar nonsense that no intelligent man of any party ever believed for a moment. With 100,000 office holders distributed over the whole country to manage their campaign, from whom the leaders drew millions of dollars to pay so called "expenses;" with the "tariff for revenue only" plank; with English and Landers in Indiana; with John Kelly in New York; with the refusal of Samuel J. Tilden to lend a helping hand in the organization of the campaign; with intimidation of laborers, and heaps of money used against us in every state, we are defeated.

But the Democracy never gives up, nor loses hope. They will arise from this defeat with greater determination to win in the end, and win they will, if the leaders will only acquire wisdom from the lessons taught in the recent campaign.

ELECTION RETURNS.

About 9,000,000 votes were cast on Tuesday for President, and the returns show that a large majority of them were given to the Republican electors. The electoral votes of the several states will probably be cast as follows:

FOR GARFIELD.		FOR HANCOCK.	
Colorado	3	Alabama	10
Connecticut	6	Arkansas	6
Illinois	21	California	6
Indiana	15	Delaware	3
Iowa	11	Florida	4
Kansas	5	Georgia	11
Maine	7	Kentucky	12
Massachusetts	13	Louisiana	8
Michigan	11	Maryland	8
Minnesota	5	Mississippi	8
Nebraska	3	Missouri	15
New Hampshire	5	Nevada	3
New York	35	New Jersey	9
Ohio	22	North Carolina	10
Pennsylvania	29	Oregon	3
Rhode Island	4	South Carolina	7
Vermont	5	Tennessee	12
Wisconsin	10	Texas	8
		Virginia	11
		West Virginia	5
Total	219	Total	159

The Democrats retain control of the National legislature, so far as can be ascertained up to this time.

In this county all of our candidates are elected. The majority is about 2364, a gain over 1876.

PHILADELPHIA, November 3.—The official returns and corrected estimates in this state received to day increase Garfield's majority about 1,000 over the estimate telegraphed this morning. The Pennsylvania congressional delegation in the Forty-seventh congress will stand as follows: First district, H. H. Bingham, republican; Second, Charles O'Neil, republican; Third, Samuel J. Randall, democrat; Fourth, William D. Kelley, republican; Fifth, Alfred C. Harmer, republican; Sixth, William Ward, republican; Seventh, William Godshalk, republican; Eighth, Daniel Ermentrout, democrat, Ninth, A. Herr Smith, republican; Tenth, William Mutchler, democrat, Eleventh, Robert Klotz, democrat; Twelfth, Joseph A. Scranton, republican; Thirteenth, John W. Ryon, democrat; Fourteenth, Samuel F. Barr, republican; Fifteenth, C. C. Jadwin, republican; Sixteenth, will require official vote to decide; Seventeenth, J. M. Campbell, republican; Eighteenth, Horatio G. Fisher, republican; Nineteenth, F. E. Beltzhoover, democrat; Twentieth, A. G. Curtin, democrat; Twenty-first, Morgan R. Wise, democrat; Twenty-second, Russel Errett, republican; Twenty-third, Thomas M. Bayne, republican; Twenty-fourth, W. S. Shallenberger, republican; Twenty-fifth, Harry White, republican; Twenty sixth, S. H. Miller, republican; Twenty-seventh, Lewis F. Watson, republican.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—The *Times* makes the Pennsylvania legislature stand as follows senate, republicans 29, democrats 19, greenbackers 1, vacancy 1; house, republicans 119 democrats 79, greenbackers 3; republican majority over all on joint ballot 47.

J. A Scranton, republican, is elected to congress from the 12th district, Connelly democrat, and Hendrick B. Wight, greenbacker. Stanley Woodward is probably elected Judge in Luzerne county.

We beleived that Garfield wrote the Chinese letter when we published it, and we have not yet seen anything to change our views. It is to be hoped, however, now that he has been chosen by the people as President, that if he did not write it, he will show the fact conclusively. An attempt to bribe the paper that first printed it, to a denial will not do.

The bosses at the Cambria Iron Works went around among their men on Monday and told them to vote as they pleased, but if Hancock was elected the works would be stopped on Wednesday. Was not this bulldozing? If this thing had occurred in the south the republican party would have thrown out the whole vote of the state.—*Patriot.*

A sick man is considered out of danger when the doctor discontinues his visits.

Official Vote of Columbia County, November 2, 1880.

DISTRICTS.	1876 Tilden	1876 Hayes	President. Hancock	President. Garfield	President. Weaver	Auditor Gen'l Dunham	Auditor Gen'l Lemon	Auditor Gen'l Roberts	Supreme Judge Jessup	Supreme Judge Green	Supreme Judge Calvin	Congress Klotz	Congress Scott	Congress Robinson	Senate McHenry	Senate Anderson	Assembly Knittle	Assembly Vanderslice	Assembly Buckingham	Assembly Barton	District Atty Little	District Atty Winterstein	District Atty Howell	Surveyor Nevinger	Surveyor Fealer
Beaver	264	29	229	29		229	29		229	29		229	29		229	29	229	210	29	7	229	29		229	29
Berwick	118	213	190	284	8	187	284	8	191	284	9	171	298	12	194	281	182	188	288	16	198	276	9	188	287
Benton	221	41	214	54		211	54	5	211	52	7	241	49	10	209	52	211	206	51	47	212	50	8	213	50
Bloom E	244	195	295	202	4	295	202	4	275	188	13	267	172	42	280	190	271	259	190	67	274	189	14	262	197
Bloom W	140	191	150	173	9	149	173	9	150	174	10	139	159	37	150	173	131	150	157	106	143	179	12	151	175
Briarcreek	155	52	157	57	15	157	57	15	156	56	17	146	54	28	165	56	163	142	55	71	155	56	18	159	53
Catawissa	194	239	230	256		230	256		229	261		225	264		229	263	252	256	258	59	232	261		231	261
Centralia	122	67	159	94	8	159	94	8	159	90	11	157	90	14	160	96	168	165	91	47	162	88	11	160	90
Centre	191	65	207	56	16	206	56	16	205	53	13	205	53	13	209	56	205	172	57	32	202	55	14	205	54
ConyngbamN	128	8	163	28	6	163	28	6	165	28	5	146	28	24	163	28	139	164	30	7	163	28	7	163	28
ConyngbamS	139	6	161	27	31	160	27	31	161	21	36	161	20	37	161	20	94	164	20	37	161	20	35	163	20
Fishingcreek	294	61	288	71	5	288	71	5	288	71	5	288	68	8	307	47	287	262	74	28	288	70	6	267	76
Franklin	59	57	56	53		56	53		57	50		56	52		55	52	59	30	55	8	56	52		57	52
Greenwood	203	166	194	157	15	194	154		192	153	21	203	133	30	206	139	167	107	115	140	192	152	21	194	152
Hemlock	169	52	160	62	2	159	62	2	158	59	5	160	58		160	58	154	138	62	63	158	61	5	158	61
Jackson	122	11	129	13		129	13		129	13		130	12		130	11	125	71	9	56	121	13	2	130	12
Locust	272	125	289	129		289	129		292	128		287	128	1	288	128	296	216	144	4	288	128		288	128
Madison	181	57	199	47	1	196	47	1	196	46	1	198	46	2	199	46	190	66	157	18	199	46	1	199	46
Main	133	14	131	7	1	132			133	8	1	132	8	1	132	8	109	104	8	7	132	7	1	131	8
Mifflin	200	40	207	49		207	49		209	46	9	208	47		207	47	208	208	48		207	49		206	47
Montour	99	53	80	47	9	79	47	9	80	47	9	78	46	13	86	49	82	60	45	66	81	47	9	80	47
Mt. Pleasant	102	61	105	52		105	52		107	50		106	49		106	50	99	79	50		105	51		105	51
Orange	136	69	112	70	41	110	70	41				109	63	50	115	63	107	91	66	90	108	66	47	108	66
Pine	131	30	131	35	6	129	35	6	130	33	7	131	30	11	132	33	126	103	32	65	132	33	7	132	33
Roaringcreek	63	42	82	31	3	80	31	3	81	32	4	81	32	4	81	33	103	68	33	22	81	32	4	80	32
Scott E			98	88	10	99	86	11	95	80	19	95	68	34	103	70	95	95	58	46	82	53	50	93	69
" W	151	122	67	53	1	67	53		67	51	1	67	51	3	67	53	64	65	52	7	64	53	3	65	53
Sugarloaf	171	13	178	12		178	12	2	175	12	2	177	12	4	174	12	176	147	12	8	176	12	3	176	12
Total	4402	2069	4598	2236																					

Democratic candidates are in small capitals, Republican in italics, Greenback in lower case. About 30 votes were cast for the Prohibition ticket in the county.

President Garfield—the Man Whom the Republican Party Has Put in the White House.

From the Herald October 30, 1873.

If Mr. Blaine means to be Speaker and run for the Presidency he must soon decide one question, What will he do with the Credit Mobilier members of the House? Take Dawes and Mr. Garfield for instance. Does he mean to give these two dishonest Representatives the Chairmanships of the two most important committees?

From the Herald December 6, 1873.

The reputation of these men is so soiled and besmeared that to hear Dawes and Garfield talking virtue is much like listening to the Evil One counselling sinners to pursue the straight and narrow path.

From the Times Feb. 19, 1873.

Of the members referred to Messrs. Kelly and Garfield present a most distressing figure. Their participation in the Credit Mobilier affair is complicated by the most unfortunate contradictions of testimony, which the committee do not undertake to unravel,

From the Times Feb. 20, 1873.

The committee err gravely in not probing such cases to the core. It distinctly rejects the testimony of several of the members. This can only be done on the ground that it is untrue. But untrue testimony given under oath is morally, if not legally, perjury.

From the Tribune Feb. 19, 1873.

James A. Garfield of Ohio, had ten shares; he never paid a dollar; received $329, which after the investigation began he was anxious to have considered as a loan from Oakes Ames to himself. These men betrayed the trust of the people, deceived their constituents, and by their evasions and falsehoods confessed the transactions to be disgraceful.

From the Tribune Feb. 26, 1873,

Mr. Ames establishes very clearly the point that he was not alone in this offence. If he is to be expelled for bribery the men who were bribed should go with him.

From Harper's Weekly, March 15, 1873, under a picture of James A. Garfield.

Disgraced in the eyes of the public for owning Credit Mobilier stock, which was in fact and intent a Fraud upon the Government. Also for Deceit and Evasion—The High Trust of Legislation Misused—The People will not long respect the Laws, if they lose respect for the law makers.

Mr. Garfield's case is like Mr. Kelly's, with the exception that the check for $329 has not been found.

The investigation into Col. McCoumb's "campaign lie" has proved terribly deadly. Its effect on Congressional reputations may be briefly summed up this way: Total loss, one Senator; badly damaged and not serviceable for future political use, two Vice Presidents and eight Congressmen.

From the Nation Jan. 30, 1874.

To take the the case of Mr. W. D. Kelly, for instance, he was to pay for ten shares of stock $1,000 and interest from July 1, 1867. On the other side of the account there was a dividend of 80 in bonds of the Union Railroad, which Mr. Ames says he received and sold for Mr. Kelly, and another in cash of 60 per cent. These together made considerably more than the $1,000 and interest; the balance due Mr. Kelly was exactly $329, which Ames paid to him by check payable to 'W. D. K.' drawn on the corruption fund in the hands of the Sergeant-at-Arms.

From the Independent July 30, 1874.

Were we citizens of the Nineteenth District of Ohio we should seek from Mr. Garfield very clear explanations of his conduct before consenting to vote for his re-election. We refer only to facts in his late career, which we judge of simply from the uncontradicted record.

We cannot forget that he was more deeply involved in the sad Credit Mobilier difficulty than any other member of the House of Representatives—excepting, of course, Ames and Brooks.

After such an experience he ought to have been extremely cautious. But the testimony taken in the investigation of the District of Columbia frauds shows that Mr. Garfield received $5,000 for his aid in getting through a paving contract, accepted by the District Government. A Mr. Parsons, a notorious jobber, made an argument for the paving company, and then got Mr. Garfield to make a further argument and to use his personal influence in its favor.

Of course Mr. Garfield's argument was successful. How could it be otherwise? He was chairman of the Committee of Appropriations. Every cent of money voted to the District had to come through him. Shepherd could not afford to refuse him anything that he asked, and Mr. Garfield knew it when he asked and received for his services a fee which would have been grossly extravagant but for his official position.

That is, so far as the case is known to the public, for $5,000 he was willing to sell to the McClelland contractor his influence as a legislator. For $5,000 he was willing to use his position as a guardian of the Treasury of the nation to make the District Government award a profitable contract. So far as most men can see, $5,000 was an extravagant price for any service which Mr. Garfield could render that did not depend upon his official position; and, if we can judge, the breaking away of the Williamsburg dam no more clearly indicated the worthlessness of its construction than does such an act as this the giving away of the foundations of a man's character.

From the Albany Evening Journal, Feb 20, 1873.

Mr. Dawes emerges with a complete vindication. We think Mr. Kelley, Mr. Garfield and some of the others do not stand quite so well. What is the nature of their offense? Their wrong was that they did not frankly and fully tell the truth—that they concealed and prevaricated and mis-represented. We do not understand to shield them from the charge of deception.

From the Albany Evening Journal Feb., 28, 1873

There can be no doubt that under all the circumstances the Credit Mobilier stock was an improper stock for a Congressman to hold. This criticism, whatever it is, obviously applies to all. It seems evident that those who paid for their stock, like Dawes, stand much better, than those who waited, like Kelley and Garfield, for the dividends to pay for it. Those who told the truth cannot be criticised like those who "equivocated," and here again there is a contrast between Dawes on the one side and two or three of the others.

There are only a few of the many comments made on Garfield by the republican papers in 1873. If his own party press condemned him, Democrats cannot be blamed for doing the same thing on the proof furnished by his own party.

Fires That Cannot be Quenched.

COAL MINES THAT HAVE BURNED FOR YEARS MAKING A DESERT OF LARGE AREAS.

A despatch from Pottsville to the N. Y. *Sun*, says:

The failure of all the attempts to extinguish the fire which has been raging in the Keeley Run colliery for several weeks, it is feared, will add another to the perpetually burning mines that now exist in the Pennsylvania anthracite regions. The greatest of these is probably that in the jugular vein, near Coal Castle, this county. This has been burning since 1835. Lewis F. Dougherty opened this vein in 1833. The upper drift of the mine was above water level, and a huge fire was kept in a grate at the mouth of the mine in winter to keep the water from freezing in the gutters. One night in the above year the timbers of the drift caught fire from the grate. When it was discovered the fire had been carried down the air hole to the lower drifts and was beyond control. Two miners entered the mine, hoping to recover their tools. They never came out. The mine was abandoned. No effort was made to mine any of the coal near the burning vein, although it was considered the best coal in the region until 1856. Then John McGinnis put in a slope on the east side of it, below water level. He struck the vein at a place where the coal was so thick that two miners could keep a large breaker supplied. When 400 yards of gangway had been excavated the heat from the burning Dougherty mine began to bother the miners. McGinnis attempted to open an air hole. The heat became so great that the men were paid double wages to induce them to work. They worked entirely naked and were relieved every ten minutes. Finally the heat became so intense that work was abandoned. The mine was flooded. After being pumped out, men could again work for a few days. The mine was flooded nine times. McGinnis finally failed, and the mine was then abandoned. The fire has been raging in the vein ever since. An area of half a mile in every direction has been burned. No vegetation grows on the surface. In places the ground has caved in, forming chasms a hundred feet deep. There is but a thin shell of earth over the pit of fire. At night blue, sulphurous flames issue from the crevices in the ground. It is dangerous to walk across the spot. Several persons have mysteriously disappeared in the vicinity during the past twenty years. It is believed that in a majority of the cases they have fallen into the burning mine. Dougherty, the original proprietor of the mine attempted to go across once. He sank to his armpits through the crust, and was only saved by courageous friends who ventured to his assistance. The stones on the ground are hot, and snow never rests there. Rain turns to vapor as fast as it falls on the roof of the burning mine. Millions of dollars' worth of the best quality of coal have been consumed by the fire.

The summit Hill mine, near Mauch Chunk has been burning twenty five years. It is believed that this mine was set on fire by disinterested miners. Thousands of dollars have been expended in fruitless efforts to extinguish the flames.

The Butler mine, near Pittston, has been burning three years. It was set on fire by a party of tramps who built a fire in the mine in 1877. The fire is in the upper drifts. It is confined to an area of forty acres by an immense ditch forty feet wide, which was excavated between the burning drift and connecting ones. The digging of the canal cost $50,000. But for that obstacle the fire would have communicated to some of the most extensive mines in the Lackawanna Valley, and a subterraneous conflagration would have swept under the whole of West Pittston. Miners have worked in the lower drift of the Butler mine since the fire broke out, but there are but forty feet of rock between them and the field of fire above. The water that trickles through the roof is scalding hot. The temperature is so high that the men can wear but little clothing.

Fare You Ever

Known any per on to be seriously ill without a weak stomach or inactive liver or kidneys? And when these organs are in good condition do you not find their possessor enjoying good health? Parker's Ginger Tonic always regulates these important organs, and never fails to make the blood rich and pure and to strengthen every part of the system. It has cured hundreds of despairing invalids. Ask your neighbor about it. See other column. nov

Over 20,000 pupils in the St. Louis public schools are studying German.

It should be the aim of every owner of Horses, Cows, &c., to make them as handsome and useful as possible. The German Horse and Cow Powder helps to develop all the powers of the animal. It improves its beauty and increases its usefulness. It makes milk, muscle and fat. By using it a horse will do more work and a cow give more milk and be in better condition with less feed. Sold only by weight at 15 cents a pound by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg. Dec 12, '79-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. B. TREAT, 757 Broadway, N. Y., publisher of first-class Subscription Books, gives steady employment to Agents and all seeking a change in business. Illustrated circulars of new books and proof that $150 per month is made sent on application. d nov. 5-4w

X'MAS PRESENTS, free. Send address for particulars. F. TRIPP, 37 School St., Boston, Mass. nov. 5-1w

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned executor of Samuel Drum, late of Main township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased will offer at public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 20th, 1880,

at 10 o'clock a. m., all that certain messuage, tenement and

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Main township, aforesaid, described as follows, viz: Beginning at a stone, a corner of land of Charles Shuman and running from thence by land of William Ritter south eighty-four degrees west one hundred and twenty-six perches to a stone, thence along land of John Kiefer north five degrees, west one hundred and forty-seven perches to an oak, thence along land of Harmon John and late of Stacy John north eighty-four and one-half degrees east one hundred and twenty-three perches to an oak, thence along land of Elias Shuman and Charles Shuman south five and three fourths degrees east one hundred and forty-six perches to the place of beginning, containing

114 ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a

Two-story Stone House,

FRAME BANK BARN, Wagon Sheds and out-buildings.

ALSO, at the same time and place, all that certain messuage, tenement and Tract of Land, situate in Montour township, Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the south by lands late of William G. Hurley and late of George A. Frick, on the west by lands of Peter M. Kashner, on the north by lands of Lewis Roath and on the east by lands late of Hurley and Frick, containing

NINETY-TWO ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story

Frame and Log Dwelling House,

frame BANK BARN and out-buildings.

Parties desiring to examine the above premises can do so by calling upon John K. Robins, Catawissa, Pa.

Terms and conditions made known on day of sale.

JOHN K. ROBBINS, Executor.

W. H. RHAWS, Attorney. nov. 5, '80-ts

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE. OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, will be sold at public sale on the premises in the township of Hemlock in said county on

Saturday, November 27th, 1880.

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described REAL ESTATE, late of Catharine Shumaker deceased, to-wit: A certain house and lot in the village of Buckhorn, in said Hemlock township, bounded on the north by an alley, east by the main street of said village, south by lot of I. W. McKelvy and west by an alley, containing one fourth of an acre more or less; on which are a

DWELLING HOUSE

and out buildings, fruit trees, &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-forth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-forth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

SETH SHOEMAKER, Administrator.

Nov. 5 '80-3-w

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, Dec. 6, 1880, at 2 o'clock, p. m. on said day:

1. First and final account of John Leiby and William P. Mauser, executors of Jacob Leiby, late of Montour township, deceased.
2. The final account of Allen Mann, guardian of Sarah Henninger, now Sarah Hess, minor child of Reuben Henninger late of Beaver township, deceased.
3. The final account of Allen Mann, guardian of the person and estate of Emily Bowman, minor child of Reuben Henninger, late of Beaver township, deceased.
4. The account of David R. Hower, guardian of the person and estate of Henry M. Mowry, minor child of Michael Mowry, late of Roaringcreek township, deceased.
5. The first and partial account of Stephen Hill, administrator of Mary Remley, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.
6. First and final account of Silas Conner, executor of Mary Conner, late of Orangeville, deceased.
7. The account of James Peterman, administrator de bonis non, of Philip Hess, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased.
8. The account of Samuel Knorr, administrator of H. Skunk, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
9. The final account of J. H. Ikeler, guardian of the person and estate of William A. Kester, minor child of Hiram Kester, late of Greenwood township, deceased.
10. The second account of Allen Mann, guardian of the person and estate of Sarah M. Gearhart, minor child of Henry Gearhart, late of Beaver township, deceased.
11. The account of Allen Mann, guardian of the person and estate of Nancy J. Gearhart, now Troutman, child of Henry Gearhart, late of Beaver township, deceased.
12. The first and final account of Hiram A. Sweppenheiser, administrator, de bonis non cum testamento annexo, of William Henderson, late of Centre township, deceased.
13. The account of Abraham Rice, executor of John Heate, late of Beaver township, deceased.
14. The first and final account of John J. Fox and Zebedee Ritter, executors of Enoch Fox, late of Pine township, deceased.
15. The first and final account of Franklin Barig, and John Barig, administrators of Daniel Barig, late of Roaringcreek township, deceased.
16. The first and final account of H. G. Creveling, acting executor of John Ruckel, late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased.
17. The first and final account of John Stadon, administrator of Hannah Stadon, late of Greenwood township, Columbia county, deceased, by his executor Isaac Beacock.
18. The third and partial account of Dyer L. Chapin, one of the administrators of John Boston, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

Register's Office, Bloomsburg Nov. 5 '80. W. H. JACOBY, Register.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Monday, the 6th day of Dec. 1880, at two o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estate will take notice:

1. Widow of Joseph C. Parker, late of Greenwood township, deceased.
2. Widow of Elisha Robbins, late of Jackson township, deceased.
3. Widow of Peter Hayman, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
4. Widow of William H. Price, late of Centralia Borough, deceased.
5. Widow of Parvin Eves, late of Greenwood township, deceased.
6. Widow of Oliver Watts, late of Centre township, deceased.

Register's Office, Bloomsburg, Nov. 5, '80. W. H. JACOBY, Register.

Farmers and others' sons $45 TO $100 per month, during Fall and Winter, in every county. Interesting and valuable information, with full particulars free. Address at once, J. C. MCCURDY & CO. Philadelphia, Pa. nov. 5 '80-4w

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Trustee appointed by said Court will expose to sale on the premises as the late property of Ellen Long, late of the town of Bloomsburg, in said county, deceased, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27th, 1880,

commencing at ten o'clock a. m., of said day, the following described

REAL ESTATE.

to-wit: All that piece or parcel of land situate in the said town of Bloomsburg, in said county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Canal street of said town on the north, a lot lately owned by Martha Fry on the east, an alley on the north and Thornton's alley on the west, containing fifty feet in width on Canal street, and two hundred and fifty feet more or less in depth, whereon are erected two

One and a half Story Frame Dwelling Houses,

and other out-buildings. A good well of water on the premises.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation absolute and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. Purchaser to pay for deeds.

C. H. ENT, Trustee.

Bloomsburg, Nov. 5, 1880-ts

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Prothonotary's office of Columbia county and will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of said county on Tuesday, the 7th day of December A. D., 1880, and confirmed after the fourth day of said term unless exceptions be filed within that time.

1. The second account of Samuel Creveling, Committee of Freelin Creveling.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Prothonotary.

G. M. QUICK, Deputy. Nov. 5, '80-4t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF PETER GRAHAM, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor appointed on exceptions to the third and partial account of the executor of the estate of Peter Gearhart, with power to make distribution of the fund, will meet the parties at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday, December 10th 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of his appointment, at which time and place all persons having claims against said estate will appear and present them at that time, or be forever debarred from receiving any share of said fund.

C. H. BUCKALEW, Auditor.

oct. 29, 1880-4w

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF BENJAMIN MCHENRY, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Benjamin McHenry, late of Benton township Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Alfred McHenry, of Benton, Executor. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executor, without delay.

ALFRED MCHENRY, Executor, Benton, Pa.

oct. 29, '80-6w*

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS.

Among the records and proceedings of the Court of Quarter Sessions in and for said county, it is inter alia thus contained.

No 26, September Term, 1880.

In re-petition of the supervisors of Conyngham township for an order to levy additional tax.

And now October 22nd, 1880, on the petition of the supervisors of said township for an order directing the levy of an additional tax of one and one-half mills on the valuation of taxable property. Rule to show cause why the prayer of petitioners shall not be granted, returnable November 11th, 1880 at one o'clock p. m. Notice to be given by a copy hereof inserted in a newspaper published in the county at least ten days before the day of hearing, and by copies posted up in at least three public places in the township of Conyngham during said period of ten days.

Certified from the records October 25, 1880.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk Q. S.

G. M. QUICK, Deputy. oct. 29-tf

RULE ON HEIRS.

ESTATE OF JACOB CLEWELL, DECEASED.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Eliza Clewell, widow, Charles Clewell, Christian Clewell, Sarah Siller, Hannah Crites, Reuben Neuman, guardian ad litem of Cora Harbster, all of Columbia county and Jeremiah Clewell of New York, Heirs and descendants of Jacob Clewell, deceased, and to all persons interested, Greeting: You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of our Orphans' Court at an Orphans' Court to held at Bloomsburg on the first Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Jacob Clewell, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by the inquest, duly awarded by the said Court, and returned by the Sheriff. And hereof fail not.

Witness the Honorable William Elwell, President of our said Court, at Bloomsburg, the twenty-second day of September, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk O. C.

G. M. QUICK, Deputy. oct. 29, '80-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Monday, November 22nd, 1880;

All the following described real estate situate in Catawissa, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: On the east by public road leading from Catawissa to Mifflin, on the west by Fourth street, (continuation thereof) on the south by land of Williams and on the north by land of Strouse, whereon are erected a two-story frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of A. W. Creamer against A. V. Cool and to be sold as the property of A. V. Cool.

RHAWN, Attorney. Vend Ex.

ALSO,

A certain piece of land situate in Benton township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded as follows: By land of David Roberts on the north, by land of Michael Hartman on the east, by land of Joseph Butt on the south, and land of John Roberts on the west, whereon are erected a plank dwelling house, a stable and other out-buildings, consisting of twenty-one acres of land more or less.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of John J. McHenry, against Edward McHenry, and to be sold as the property of Edward McHenry.

FREEZE, Attorney. Al. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain piece of land situate in Mifflin township Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of John Aten, on the east by H. Schweppenheiser, on the south by lands of Thomas Aten, and on the west by lands of Charles Klingerman, containing one hundred and ten acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn and outbuildings.

ALSO,

One tract of land situate in same township, bounded on the north and east by lands of Thomas Aten, on the south by land of Michael Grover's heirs, on the west by land of William Parr, containing twenty-four acres more or less on which are erected a frame dwelling house and out-buildings.

ALSO,

One tract bounded on the north by land of I. K. Schweppenheiser and Samuel Snyder, on the east by land of Lawrence Waters, on the south by lands Abraham Schweppenhiser, and on the west by land of John Aten, containing thirty-four acres more or less, on which are erected a frame dwelling house, barn and other out-buildings.

ALSO,

One tract of land bounded on the north by land of Stephen Gearhart and others, on the east by I. K. Schweppenheiser, on the south by land of John Aten and on the west by land of Joseph Gearhart, containing one hundred acres more or less, on which are erected a frame dwelling house, barn and outbuildings.

ALSO,

One lot or ground situate in the town of Mainville, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded by land of J. E. Longenberger and two public roads being a corner lot in said town, on which are erected a two-story brick store house with the appurtenances.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of Samuel Beck, assigned to Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association against I. K. Schweppenheiser and to be sold as the property of I. K. Schweppenheiser.

LITTLE & MILLER, Attorneys. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain messuage and tract of land situate in the township of Briar Creek, Columbia county, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by land heretofore of John Van Pelt now M. E. Jackson's heirs, and lands of John Heavener, on the west by land of said John Heavener lately, now A. am Beiderich and Francis Evans, on the south by land heretofore owned by P. M. Trough, now Petit and others, containing two hundred and twenty five acres more or less, on which the defendant now resides, on which are erected a frame bank barn, a frame dwelling house and out-buildings, also a wood tenant house. There are on the premises also an excellent apple orchard and other fruit trees.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of William J. Knorr assigned to Joseph Laman against William Laman and to be sold as the property of William Laman.

BUCKALEWS Attorneys. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

All that certain tract or piece of land situate in Locust township, Columbia County, and State of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of Jeremiah Scott and Mrs. Snyder, on the east by George Yeager and David Yeager, on the south by William Yeager, and on the west

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1880

PUBLIC SALES.

B. F. Zarr and Wm. T. Shuman, administrators of Andrew Gingles, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Centre township on Friday, November 12, 1880.

Elisha H. Biggs and John H. H. Park, surviving executors of Charles H. Doebler, deceased, will sell valuable real estate at the Court House, Bloomsburg, on Monday, December 6, 1880.

See advertisements.

November 25th has been appointed as a day of Thanksgiving.

William B. Milnes and family of Virginia are visiting friends in this county.

Dr. Jamison and family of Washington, D. C., are visiting at Mr. J. H. Hendershott's.

The *Republican* makes no comments this week on the vote in Bloomsburg.

When we need the *Patriot* the most it does not come through. It did not get here on Wednesday. What is the matter?

Quite a number of persons engaged in business at other places, but whose residences are here, came home to vote on Tuesday.

The public will please excuse our rooster for not appearing this week. He does not feel well.

The town council met on Wednesday evening, but no quorum being present the meeting was adjourned until next Wednesday.

From present appearances, no Electoral Commission will be needed to determine who is elected President.

A stove, coal box and book case, with pigeon holes for sale. Apply to Freeze & Eyerly.
October 29, tf.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, a large delegation of the Hancock club went over to Catawissa last Saturday night on a canal boat. The Glee Club accompanied them in the band wagon.

Mr. I. Seesholtz, of Catawissa, and Miss Martha Polen, of Bloomsburg, were united in matrimony by the Rev. Dr. Mitchell at the Presbyterian church on Thursday morning. May happiness attend them.

The Democracy of Columbia county had, in the late campaign, a most efficient and popular chairman of their County Committee, to whose great credit is due for the excellent vote in Bloomsburg and in the county.

The opening address in the Free Church at Millville, Nov. 7th, Lord's day next, will be delivered by C. W. Cooper, of Providence, Pa. instead of D. M. Kinter, as last week's notice stated.

The Rev. Dr. Wells, of Ohio, the Evangelist who produced such a favorable impression in Williamsport last winter, is to be in the Presbyterian church here next Sabbath, and will conduct services during the week following.

Now is a good time for some of our temperance friends to make a new vow to vote nothing but the Prohibition ticket in future. A number who made such a promise in public some time ago, forgot it on Tuesday.

Stephen W. DePelchin, son of Prof. DePelchin, formerly connected with the Normal school, spent several days in town recently. He attended the Teachers' Institute at Orangeville in the capacity of general agent of a publishing house in Syracuse, New York. Prof. DePelchin is living in New Orleans.

We have just received a new lot of beveled and straight gilt edged calling cards of the latest designs. Also mourning cards. We invite the attention of the ladies to these cards, samples of some of which can be seen at G. A. Clark's book store. They are just as neat as an engraved plate, and much cheaper.

The greatest outrage of the campaign was the Chinese tissue ballot furnished by the Republican State committee with a heading on it to show what ticket was being voted This device was intended as a means of "spotting" working men who did not vote the republican ticket. And yet the great moral party never bull-dozes any body. Oh, no!

Gen. Blaker does not think the independent business a very paying investment. Outside of his ow township where he received a good complimentary vote of 131, he only got three ballots, one in East Bloom, one in Madison, and one in Jackson.

The republicans paraded through the streets with torches and a drum at about three o'clock on Wednesday morning to inform their sleeping friends of the result of the election in other states. They made a good deal of noise over a victory that they had a very small hand in achieving. They are very much like the old man and the bear.

In this county the Democrats have majorities in 24 out of the 27 *election districts*, and in each of the three exceptional ones the Republican majority is less than it was in 1876. In Berwick it is one less; in Catawissa three, and in West Bloomsburg twenty eight.

As the table of votes was made up at the last moment before going to press, there may be some slight inaccuracies in it. We had no time to foot up the columns, as some of the returns were sealed up, and we could not get them until they were opened in Court Thursday noon.

The *drive* quietly made at Mr. Vanderslice by the Republicans and openly by the Catawissa *News Item*, was at no time at all dangerous. There seemed to be something beside patriotic motive behind it, and when the *Item*, in its last issue before the election, went to shouting, "vote for Buckingham!" the "negro in the wood-pile" became distinctly visible.

There was great interest manifested in the election by both parties in town. Voting began early and by noon there were nearly 700 ballots in, the whole vote cast being 841. Everything passed off quietly and peaceably. In every instance where there was the slightest doubt of the right to vote, the persons offering their ballots were challenged by one side or the other. The whole vote of the town in 1876 was 770 for President.

The result of the election in Bloomsburg is a deserved testimonial to the *magnificent and able* generalship of the post office ring and its lieutenants. In 1876 Hayes had 2 majority. This year Hancock has 70 majority. This shows that the workingmen of this town are not to be frightened into submission by the false issues raised by the republicans on the tariff question, and their absurd cry about a business panic. With such leaders everywhere the republican party would have been buried long ago.

The Republican parade on Thursday night last was quite a success. Clubs were here from Danville and Berwick. Those from Danville were handsomely uniformed and made a fine appearance. The Berwick club had white caps and capes. Their marching was very irregular, owing partly to the fact that they arrived here long enough before the parade to allow some of them to get up considerable steam. One Danville man got in the lock-up, and several from Berwick were warned after midnight that unless they stopped the'r noise on the streets, they would be treated likewise. There were 621 in procession, including bands and boys. Many republican houses were handsomely illuminated.

All persons having in their possession property belonging to the Democratic club will please return the torches to this office, and the caps and sashes to David Lowenberg.

Mrs. Andrew Ikeler, of Stillwater, died on Monday last and was buried on Wednesday. She was a sister of Hon. E. J. McHenry and a most estimable lady.

WHAT CAUSED IT?

Postmaster to Notary. (contemplating the Bloomsburg election:) "I think it was that last parade"

Notary to Postmaster. "No, it was that infernal Jew!"

We have much pleasure in recommending Thermaline to our readers, as an absolute cure for Malaria. The manufacturers' name alone is a guarantee of its merit. It sells at 25 cents per box. For particulars see Advt.
july 30, '80-6m

PREPARING FOR A REUNION.

A preliminary meeting of graduates of the various Soldiers' Orphan Schools of Pennsylvania, will be held at the Capitol building, Harrisburg, on Thursday and Friday, December 30th and 31st, 1880, for the purpose of arranging for a grand reunion of all the "sixteeners." It is desired by the committee having the matter in charge that there be a large attendance at this meeting.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. Nov. 21-1y.

We are informed that in our report of the races at the fair we were mistaken in assigning language to Mr. O. T. Wilson, in which he charged "that the officers of the society had promised Hotspur the race if he would enter." We so understood him, but gladly make the correction on learning that he did not use such words. We fully endorsed all that Mr. Wilson said about the decision of the judges, and hence intended no harsh criticism, as he is a gentleman for whom we have the highest regard. Our only intention was to give a full report of the occurrences of that afternoon and we alluded to Mr. Wilson's remarks only because we heard versions of them on the street entirely different from what he had said.

Ladies, and all who lead sedentary lives, should use *Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills*. Price 25 cents. For sale at all drug stores. oct. 15-1m

The final parade of the Democrats took place last Monday night. There were 68 mounted men, and 62 on foot from Lightstreet and vicinity, mounted men and foot from Centre, Hemlock, Orange, Montour, Scott, and other townships, and a good delegation from Benton. The Catawissa club numbering about 130, with handsome uniforms, and a club from Lightstreet were the only visiting organizations, the Danville clubs not being able to accept the invitation, as they had a parade at home, postponed from Saturday on account of the rain. The Benton, Orangeville, Espy and Bloom bands were in line. There were over 200 horsemen, and the whole line was estimated at about 800, all from our own county. If there had been more torches the number could have been increased 500; as there were many Democrats on the streets who could not get lights. The illuminations along the route were numerous and beautiful. Down East street almost every house was radiant, pictures of Hancock and English were to be seen all along, and arches of evergreen were sprung across the street. A constant cheering was kept up along the whole length of the march. In every part of the town the dwellings of Democrats were brilliant. There was a large crowd of people in town from the country to witness the parade.

Are you going to paint? If so, send to the Montour Paint Mills, Rupert, Pa., for your Pure Lead, Slate Colors, Pure Paints, &c., and save the wholesale and retail profit. You can mix your own colors with pure linseed oil for 85 cents to $1.20 per gallon. sep. 10-3m

THE RESULT IN TOWN.

The following table shows the number of votes cast for each candidate on Tuesday.

	E. Dist.	W. Dist.	Total.
Hancock,	295	150	445
Garfield,	202	173	375
Weaver,	4	9	
Hancock's maj. over Garfield,			70
Auditor General.			
Dechert,	E. Dist. 295		W. Dist. 143
Lamon,	202		173
Roberts,	4		9
Turner,	4		4
Supreme Judge.			
Jenks	275		150
Green,	188		174
Calvin,	13		10
Congress.			
Klotz,	297		139
Robison,	42		37
Scott,	172		159
Senator.			
McHenry,	280		150
Andrews,	190		173
Assembly.			
Vanderslice,	259		150
Knittle,	274		131
Buckingham,	180		157
Barton,	67		106
Blaker,	1		
District Attorney.			
Little,	274		143
Wintersteen,	189		179
Howell,	14		12
Surveyor.			
Neyhard,	262		151
Pealer,	197		175

The result is very satisfactory to the Democrats. They did not claim more than 50 majority at any time, while republicans were chuckling over the idea of carrying the town by 25 majority. It is a rebuke to the leaders who attempted to bull-dose the workingmen in many ways. Workingmen of Bloomsburg do not vote through their eyes. They are quite as intelligent as some of those who attempted to influence them.

In its last week's issue the *Item* shows the cloven hoof, and acknowledges the truthfulness of what we have said in regard to its course towards Mr. Vanderslice. While pretending to be very much interested in the welfare of the Democratic party and its representatives, it has only been engaged in the gratification of personal spite, and its attacks on Vanderslice were made in the interest of its party candidate G. A. Buckingham. This appears in its last issue when it urges all Democrats to vote for *Buckingham*. Notwithstanding its contemptible abuse and its anonymous circulars freely distributed just before the election, which its editor had not the courage to put his name to, Mr. Vanderslice has been reelected by a handsome majority. The *Milton Argus*, and the Danville *Intelligencer* we hope will feel repaid by the result for the space given by them to articles written in Bloomsburg and published by them so as to give the *Item* an opportunity to reprint them as coming from papers out of this county: The result shows that while Vanderslice has lost some votes in certain districts mostly through the candidacy of Eli Barton, the *Item* has wasted a good deal of space and time in opposing him. The Democrats of Columbia county pay but little attention to that paper. As to the *Argus* and *Intelligencer*, it must now be apparent to them, that the people of this county are capable of managing their own affairs without any advice or interference from them. This is a lesson that Chalfant, at least, should have learned some time ago.

JEWELL BARTERING GARFIELD'S APPOINTMENTS IN ADVANCE OF THE ELECTION.

THE MOST STARTLING ATTEMPT AT CORRUPTION OF THE AGE

THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE FOR NEW YORK OFFERED TO A FRIEND OF THE EDITOR OF "TRUTH" AS A CONSIDERATION FOR HIS DENIAL OF THE GENUINENESS OF THE GARFIELD-MOREY LETTER—— THE REASON OF GARFIELD'S FOUR DAYS SILENCE IN REGARD TO THAT LET TER.

The New York *Star* of Saturday publishes an affidavit of Joseph Hart proprietor of the New York *Truth*, which exposes a most corrupt and shameful attempt of Marshall Jewell, chairman of the republican national committee, to procure from *Truth* a denial of the genuineness of the Garfield Chinese letter, first printed in its columns. The affidavit shows that Jewell wrote a letter to Garfield requesting that Hart might have a "consideration" through A. J. Dittenhoefer. This "consideration" was to be the office of United States District Attorney for New York. Garfield's delay in pronouncing the Chinese letter a "forgery" is thus accounted for. He was waiting for his bosom friend and chief manager, Jewell, to consummate the bargain with the publisher of *Truth*. The *Star* prints a *fac simile* of Jewell's letter making the corrupt proposition to Garfield and Jewell had not dared to deny that he wrote the letter. The editor of the New York *Sun* says in yesterday's edition of his paper that he "sent to the republican headquarters to inquire about the letter. Jewell refused to deny, while his secretary admitted its genuineness." Jewell evidently knew his man or he would not have attempted to draw Garfield into the corrupt transaction.

MR. HART'S AFFIDAVIT.

City and County of New York, ss:

Joseph Hart of the City and county of New York, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he resides in the city of New York and is the publisher of the newspaper called *Truth*.

That he received information that it was the intention of the republican party in the city of New York, with the aid and assistance of the notorious John I. Davenport, and the marshals of his own choosing, to destroy the property of deponent, consisting of presses and fac-similes of the proofs and genuineness of the Garfield Chinese cheap labor letter.

That this was to have been done on Monday evening, October 25, 1880; but by a disagreement in their own camps the raid was postponed until the Tuesday evening following.

When this positive information came to the publisher of the *Truth* he looked about him for ways and means to protect his property and the honor and integrity of the gentlemen who were pledged to prove the Garfield Chinese cheap labor letter not a forgery but a fact. Determined at all hazards to do so, the publisher placed himself in communication with a pretended friend, but a faithful republican, by the name of Abram J. Dittenhoefer, who had insisted to this deponent that the letter was a forgery, with the thorough knowledge that when doing so he was impeaching the honor of personal friends. He urged this deponent to make for himself the greatest record that any man could possess by declaring that the letter was a forgery.

This came from a "friend" and counsel, and not a friend alone of this deponent but the friend of an other attachee of the paper, in whom he has professed to have for years the most implicit confidence and to whose word a doubt never arose in his mind, and who repeatedly assured him that the Garfield Chinese cheap labor letter was genuine. And with this knowledge in his possession of the truth of the statement he still urged this deponent to say it was a forgery.

When this deponent became fully convinced of the fact that all the means at the command of the republican party, all the machinery of the District Attorney's office, the marshals and Commissioner Davenport and treachery were to be used against him, he felt, in justice to himself, that he must protect his interests, and even though he adopted the same trick and device and resorted to the same means they had adopted. Deponent recognized that the situation demanded war to the knife—"an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth."

He sent for this "friend," who, upon his arrival, informed him that the republicans intended to arrest one of the attachees of *Truth* office known as Kenard Philp.

Deponent said: "Is that really so? Is it positive?"

He replied, "Yes; Davenport has the proof."

"Why," said deponent, 'it is impossible for any proofs to exist except that the letter is genuine."

"Oh, well," said he "they are going to swear to it. Garfield's denial is conclusive and you are foolish if you don't save yourself."

It occurred to this deponent then and there that he would try to save himself, and he proceeded in the following manner to do so.

"What will they give you, judge?" said the deponent, "if you could influence me to come out and say that we have been deceived?" Fire flashed in his eyes. "Will they give you what you have long sought?" continued this deponent—"the United States district attorneyship."

He said: "I think they will."

Deponent then said: "Place yourself in communication with them and let me know the result

THE BARGAIN WITH DITTENHOEFER.

In the course of two hours from that time the judge returned and said he had secured what was to him satisfactory that he would secure the appointment from General Garfield, and he stated further that Hon. Marshall Jewell desired to see this deponent.

Having accomplished the first part of his determination to save himself and prove the Garfield Chinese cheap labor letter genuine, deponent permitted himself to be drawn into an interview with Hon. Marshall Jewell, which took place at the office of Judge Dittenhoefer at 5 o'clock on the afternoon of Tuesday, October 26, 1880, the day upon which the raid upon *Truth* was to have been made to prevent the publicat on on the following morning of the proofs against Garfield.

This deponent took with him three witnesses and entered the office of Judge Dittenhoefer and there found Hon. Marshall Jewell accompanied, as he said by his secretary. He gave to this deponent what he (Jewell) considered sufficient proof that he would fulfill the compact he had that day entered into with Dittenhoefer for purpose of having *Truth* brand itself as the vilest sheet ever published.

Deponent said to Hon. Marshall Jewell that he did not think the promise was entirely satisfactory. Thereupon Judge Dittenhoefer exclaimed: "It is entirely satisfactory to me!" That being the deponent's cue, he said: "Well, if it be satisfactory to you, it must be to me."

The Hon. Marshall Jewell after entering into this, and in further conversation, said to this deponent: "Well, is not that letter a forgery?"

Deponent replied to Hon. Marshall Jewell that it was not a forgery, and that he could, by positive proofs in his possession, establish the fact that it was not a forgery and that he did not wish to hear that word used again to him, in that conference, in reference to that letter, because he (Jewell) himself knew that it was not a forgery. That ended all talk of he letter being a forgery except as heretofore stated.

JEWELL SEALS THE COMPACT.

The Hon. Marshall Jewell started to leave with a happy and smiling face. But this deponent had not accomplished the real object of the interview up to that moment. He now proceeded to do so by stating to Hon. Marshall Jewell that he had been informed through various channels that a raid was contemplated on *Truth* for the purpose of destroying its property, and thus prevent the publication of what had been promised in the Wednesday edition—positive proofs that James A. Garfield did write the Chinese cheap labor letter.

"Why," said Hon. Marshall Jewell, "we have nothing to do with that; that is entirely in the hands of Mr. Davenport, who says that one Kenward Philp forged the letter."

"Why," said the deponent, "it is an absurdity; the proofs in my possession are so positive that it makes it a still greater absurdity."

Said Hon Marshall Jewell: "Didn't this Philp write the leading articles upon this subject in *Truth*?"

This deponent replied: "No, sir; on my oath he did not. Nor did he write the letter or know of its existence until it was published."

"Who did write these articles?" said Mr. Jewell.

"You must excuse me from answering that question," deponent replied, "but Philp did not write them."

"Well," said Hon. Marshall Jewell," you surprise me! I am pleased to hear it; but you will understand that I have nothing to do with Mr. Davenport's arrangement."

"Then," said the deponent, "Mr. Davenport should be informed that a satisfactory arrangement has been arrived at and that he should not make his raid."

"Well," said Hon Marshall Jewell, "that shall be attended to."

When Marshall Jewell left the deponent sent Judge Dittenhofer out to him to receive his promise that Mr. Davenport should be notified. He returned and informed this deponent that that had been so promised him.

This deponent believes that such was the case from information received from an attachee of the republican paper known as the *Tribune*—"that *Truth* had been bought, and was to come out to morrow without the proofs, and to say that it thought it was mistaken, and proposed to investigate further."

THE PART DAVENPORT PLAYED.

It would be impossible in this affidavit to tell all th precautions that were taken to bring that paper of Wednesday before the public. Davenport's marshals, despite of all arrangements that had been entered into, surrounded the neighborhood in which the *Truth* is printed, secretly entered what they the day before known as the composing room of *Truth*, and hung in gangs at the very door of the press-room of *Truth*.

Truth, however, had prepared itself. Twelve police officers in citizen's clothing were locked in *Truth's* press-room. As the night wore on the paper did not appear, for we were convinced that should it not appear, as Hon. Marshall Jewell expected it would under all circumstances, be made; for the upper part of the post office building, the headquarters of Davenport and his satellites, was brilliantly illuminated and filled with men, as this deponent was informed.

This deponent then telegraphed to police headquarters and requested communication at once with Inspector of Police Murry; the publisher in the meantime had given the most positive orders that not a paper should leave the press-room until broad daylight.

About 6 o'clock on the morning of that Wednesday Inspector Murry arrived at *Truth* office. The publisher stated to him what he has hereinbefore stated, and demanded that as a citizen and property holder he should have the protection of the law for his property and for himself.

The Inspector at once ordered from two station houses in the vicinity a platoon of uniformed men; they arrived, they passed through Spruce street, made a thoroughfare to and from the press room of *Truth*, and saw the spies that were there—the marshals—retreat to the headquarters of their chief in the post office building.

In ten minutes Wednesday's *Truth* with the convicting proof that Garfield had written the Chinese cheap labor letter, was up on the street.

At all times being resolved since entering the newspaper business to be prepared with proofs for all *Truth* should stete, deponent took pains to secure indisputable evidence of the foregoing bargain with Marshall Jewell, the chairman of the republican national committee.

It is as follows:

THE MOST DAMNING EVIDENCE OF GUILT.

[CONFIDENTIAL.]

NEW YORK, October 26, 1880.—*My Dear General Garfield:* I think *Truth* was deceived about the Morey letter. They thought it was genuine. Finding it is not they have consulted their lawyer and friend and through him offer to come out and say so plainly, the only consideration for it being consideration for Judge Dittenhoefer, their friend and counsel.

By consideration I mean that you and myself should know and recognize it as Judge D.'s act, and the obligation, if any, should be from you to him for it. So far as I could I have assured them that you would so consider it. It's a great service, to-day general.

It is their proposition and I have accepted it. Yours very truly,

MARSHALL JEWELL,
JOSEPH HART.

Sworn before me this 29th day October, 1880,
C. DONHOUE.

A Big Success.

"My wife had been ailing a long time with dyspepsia and nervousness and was in bed two years with a complication of disorders her physicians could not cure, when I was led by reading a circular at my door to try Parker's Ginger Tonic. Having been so often deceived by worthless mixtures, nothing but my wife's dangerous condition could have led us to make any more experiments. But it was a big success. Three bottles cured her at a cost of a dollar and fifty cents, and she is now as strong as any woman, and regularly does her household duties—R. D., Buffalo, See other column. nov

The A. S. T. Co.'s Black Tip for children's shoes, is superior to all others for the following reason. They put on the toe from wear just at the point where the wearer comes, and do not give the shoe a hanging and ragged appearance, as do the caps sewed on to the upper.

A NEW PAYING OCCUPATION
FOR
LADIES & GENTLEMEN

The Hand-some Nickel Plated New Home Lamp being introduced to the public this season, is the most meritorious article ever offered agents to make money with, is safer and more convenient than the student lamp, which has heretofore had the reputation of being the safest lamp made, it has a clamp to attach it to the sewing machine, piano, organ, desk, etc. The fear of the ordinary lamp being accidentally upset or thrown from the table, is entirely relieved by the simple clamp contrivance. It can be adjusted to throw the light just where it is wanted to suit the eyes, and can be converted into a handsome wall lamp. It has the best argand burner, a filling indicator, and convenient match box, and its price is within the reach of every one. It has been fully tested and cheerfully endorsed by the *Western Christian Advocate, Zion Christian Review, Herald and Presbyter, Journal and Messenger, and Christian Standard*, the leading religious papers of Cincinnati, and is endorsed by the Mayor and Postmaster of Cincinnati, the agent of the American express company and presidents of insurance companies, as being the safest, most convenient and best lamp made.

There are three reasons why agents should seek such an article to canvass for—first for its absolute safety and great convenience, it is needed in every home—second its low price makes its sale immense—third it will be a great credit to handle such an article. One southern agent writes, it sells faster than Gen. Lee's portrait sold right after the war, another writes, it beats the palmy days of the sewing machine, its rapid sale, low price, and liberal terms surprise old agents. Address Home Lamp Co., Cincinnati, O., mentioning our paper and they will give you full particulars and exclusive territory to canvass in. nov5-13w

Ely's Cream Balm is the only Catarrh remedy of many I have tried which has settled as a cure. I have been troubled for over fifteen years; my head has been most of the time stopped and very much inflamed. It has opened my nostrils and reduced the inflammation. My eyes are improving, so that I can stand strong light, which I have not been able to do for years. Nathaniel Fegley, with E. F. Montz, merchant, Wilkesbarre, Penn'a.

My son, aged nine years, was afflicted with Catarrh; the use of Ely's Cream Balm effected a complete cure. W. E. Hamman, Druggist, Easton, Pa.

Ely's Cream Balm sells better than any other preparation for Catarrh, and gives better satisfaction. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Wilkesbarre, Pa.

RED HORSE POWDER cures more horses, mules and sheep than any other medicine. Sure every time. oct 22, '80-1yeow

Female weakness, caused by deranged kidneys, permanently and positively cured by the use of Prof Guilmette's Female Kidney Pad. All druggists sell them.

HENRY'S CARBOLIC SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Scalds, Chilblains, Corns and all kinds of Skin Eruptions Freckles and Pimples. The salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Be sure to get Henry's Carbolic Salve; all others are but imitations. Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists. oct 22, '80-1yeow

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

It seems strange that any one will suffer from the many derangements brought on by an impure condition of the blood, when SCOVIL'S BLOOD and LIVER SYRUP will restore perfect health to the physical organization. It is being a wonderful blood cleanser, pleasant to take, and has proven itself to be the best blood purifier ever discovered, effectually curing Scrofula, Syphilitic diseases, Weakness of the Kidneys, all Nervous disorders and Debility. It corrects indigestion, it makes the old feel young, and the young feel gay; and will certainly drive out of the system the many ills that human flesh is heir to. A single bottle will prove to you its merits as a health renewer, for it acts like a charm, especially when the outpatient is of a debilitative nature, having a tendency to lessen the natural vigor of the brain and nervous system.
oct 22, '80-1yeow

Marriages.

DEMOTT—EVIS.—At the residence of the bride's father in Millville on the 7th inst., by the Rev. H. C. Munro, Mr. Hiram J. Demott and Miss Lois M Evis.

PARKER—ROTE.—At the same time and place, by the same, Mr. Theodore Parker to Miss Narcissa Rote, all of Millville, Pa

FARNSWORTH—RUNYON.—On the evening of the 7th inst., by the same, Mr. Bartley Farnsworth and Miss Alice Runyon.

BRONST—GIRTON.—On the 4th ult., at the M. E. Parsonage in Buckhorn, by Rev. G. V. Savidge, Mr. Jacob B. Bronst to Miss Alice B. Girton, both of Bloomsburg.

KESTER—KINT.—At the M. E. Parsonage in Buckhorn on the 30th ult., by the same Mr. Richard Kester to Miss Clara E. Kindt, both of Mordansville, Columbia county, Pa.

MAUSTELLER—RUCKLE.—On the 14th inst. at the Reformed parsonage in Orangeville, Mr. Isaiah M Mausteller to Miss Ella M. Ruckle, both of Jerseytown.

THOMAS—RICHARDS.—On the 2nd inst., at the M. E. parsonage in Jerseytown, by Rev. T. H. Tubbs, Mr. John Thomas to Miss Susan Richards, all of Columbia county.

TUBBS—MILLER.—On the 14th inst., at the same place and by the same, Mr. Clinton A. Tubbs, of Benton, Columbia county, to Miss Tressay M. Miller, of Rohrsburg, Columbia county.

MILLER—STONGE.—On the 14th inst., at Bloomsburg, by Rev. J. P. Tustin, Mr. Calvin I. Miller, of Berwick, Pa., to Miss Emma Stonge, of Bloomsburg, Pa.

SCHWEPPENHISER—ERWIN.—On the 14th inst., by the same, Mr. John H. Schweppenhiser, of Berwick, Pa., to Miss Sadie L. Erwin, of Mainville, Pa.

WILLIAMS—MYERS—On the 14th inst., at the residence of J. C. Myers, Esq., by Rev. J. Guldin, Mr. Daniel Williams to Miss Rosetta C Myers, both of Roaring creek township, Columbia county.

HELDEBRANDT—EVANS—On the evening of the 21st inst., at the residence of Daniel Sterner in Bloomsburg, by Rev. O. H. Strunck, David J. Heldebrandt, of Orangeville to Miss Ella M. Evans, of Rohrsburg.

HOCK—SHOEMAKER—On October 10th at the M. E. parsonage in Rock Horn by Rev. G. V. Savidge, Mr. Charles R. Hock to Mrs. Lavina Shoemaker, both of Bloomsburg.

SNYDER—FLICK—On October 14th at the same place and by the same, Mr. Jeremiah Snyder to Miss Ella Flick, both of Danville, Montour county.

LOUBA—KLINE—On the 14th of October by James B. Harman, J. P., at the house of Martin Kline in Orange township, Mr. John N. Louba to Henrietta E Kline, both of Mt. Pleasant township.

WHITENIGHT—HUNTINGTON On the 15th of October, by the same, Mr. Charles D. Whitenight of Mt. Pleasant to Miss Sarah A. Huntington of Hemlock township.

LINTON—PRENTISS—At Espy on the 19th of September, 1880, by the Rev. H. C. Cheston Mr. Charles C. Linton, of Buffalo, Perry county, Pa., and Miss Sadie A. Prentiss of Bloomsburg.

JACOBY—REIGLE—On Sunday, October 31st, 1880, at the residence of B. P. Folk, in Shabtown, by Rev. J. V. Bodine, Dr. Edward M. Jacoby, of Berwick and Miss Lizzie Reigle, of Bloomsburg.

NEPHEW—ARMSTRONG—At the parsonage in Centre on October 21st, by Rev. N Spear, Mr. A. M. Nephew to Miss Laura J. Armstrong, both of West Hemlock.

COLE—HESS—At the parsonage in Benton on October 23rd, by Rev. H. B. Fortner, Mr. J. Boyd Cole to Miss NANCY HESS, all of New Philadelphia.

Deaths.

HESS—In Espy on the 14th inst., Mrs. Sarah C. Hess, only daughter of Henry Angle and consort of Reed D. Hess, aged 23 years, 7 months and 6 days.

Headache, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and Constipation cured at once by *Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills*. Price 25 cents. oct 15 1m

The medicinal properties of Dandelion and Burdock are unexcelled for cleansing purity, and vitality. Their Sedilitine Soothing Powders, are as pleasant as Lemonade. Their Soft Capsules are world famous. See Advt.
July 30, '80-6m

Agents and Canvassers make from $25 to $50 per week selling goods for E. G. Rideout & Co., 10 Barclay street, New York. Send for their catalogue and terms. sep.10, '80-1y

WALNUT LEAF HAIR RESTORER is entirely different from all others. It is clear as water, and as its name indicates, is a pure Vegetable Hair Restorer and does not in any manner affect the health when supplied. Sugar of Lead and Nitrate of Silver preparations have done. It will immediately free the head from all Dandruff. Restores gray hair to its natural color, and produces a new growth where it has fallen off. It will change light or faded hair to a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Every bottle is warranted. Ask your druggist for it. For sale at Moyer Bros., Bloomsburg, Pa. Smith, Kline & Co., Philadelphia, and Hall & Ruckel, New York. Wholesale Agents. oct. 22, 80-1

Business Notices

A very fine assortment of Ladies' Coats, all nicely made and trimmed in Silk, Satin and Velvet of the latest styles and fashion for sale by Silas Young, Light Street, just got in from the city manufacturers in prices from $4 00, $4 50, $5 50, $6 50, $7 50, $8 50, $9 50, $10 50, $12 50, $15 50, $16 50 to $18 50. oct. 1-3m

All parties interested in buying good, cheap and FASHIONABLE CLOTHING would find it to their interest to call at the old reliable Clothing Store of

David Lowenberg's.

For Dress Goods and Silks, Satins or Velvets to match go to Lutz & Sloan's.

The very highest market price paid for nice dried Pitted Cherries, Dried Raspberries and Dried Blackberries. Bring them from the north, south, east and west by the pound, sack, bag, one and two horse load to Silas Young, Light Street. oct. 1-2m

Appleton A. Muslin 8 cents a yard by the bolt at Lutz & Sloan's.

Eureka! Eureka!! Eureka!!!
The place to buy a good cheap Winter Coat or suit of Clothes is at
David Lowenberg's.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

HO! FOR A HAT.

Just received all the latest and most Nobby Styles of Hats for men and boys at
David Lowenberg's.

More Felt Skirts and Shawls this week at Lutz & Sloan's.

Harris A. Newkirk, of Salem, says: I was cured of tetter in my hand by three applications of Camphor Milk. My husband was cured of old running sores by using it. I cured my son of a spreading itch. Price 25 cents. Sold by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg. april 16, '80-1y

Pretty Suits for children, Ulsters for little boys, new, nice, and neat, call and see the fall styles at
David Lowenberg's.

Lutz & Sloan want to sell 200 Ladies' Coats and Dolmans this fall and they are offering them very cheap.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Highest Cash Price paid for 1,000 Good Fat, Live VEAL CALVES this Fall and Winter. You can bring them right along now on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each and every week this Fall and Winter. Bring in your good fat calves now and get your cash for them. Bring them from the north, south, east and west. Let them come right along now to Silas Young, Light Street. oct. 1 4m

Admission free at McKinney's.

Beautiful Ulsters,
Fashionable Overcoats,
Nobby Fall Suits,
Lowest prices at
David Lowenberg's.

Best headquarters at McKinney's.

4,000 pounds nice dried raspberries, 4,000 pounds nice dried pitted cherries wanted this fall by Silas Young, Light Street july 2-6m

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Hon. George N. Conen, Norristown, says: The Phoenix Pectoral is indispensable in my family. It acts like a charm in curing coughs and colds with the children, and I always use it when addressing a jury. Price 25 cents. C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg, apr16-1y

HOW TO GET almost Everything.

Do you know how to get in the easiest way and to best advantage what you want for dress and house-furnishing?

First, how: Write for a catalogue; see what you can learn from it about the things you want. If samples can be useful to you, ask for them and state your wants so plainly that exactly the right samples can be sent.

Second, where: The place where goods are kept in the greatest variety; where they are sold for what they really are in respect to quality; where prices are lowest; where most care is taken to serve customers acceptably; and where you have the right to return whatever is not satisfactory.

There—no matter where you are—if you make your wants known and avail yourself of your privileges, you will get the best things in the best way, promptly and without trouble or risk; sometimes by mail, sometimes by express, almost always at less cost for carriage than the money you save in the price.

John Wanamaker,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Chestnut, Thirteenth, Market and Juniper.

HELP Yourselves by making money when a good chance is offered, thereby always keeping poverty from your door. The enterprising will always take advantage of the good chances to make money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need, free. No one who engages fails to make money very rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work or only your spare moments. Full information, and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. oct. 15-1y

C. B. ROBBINS,

SUCCESSOR TO D. W. ROBBINS DEALER IN

Fine Brandies, Whiskies, Gins, Rums, and all kinds of Wines constantly on hand,

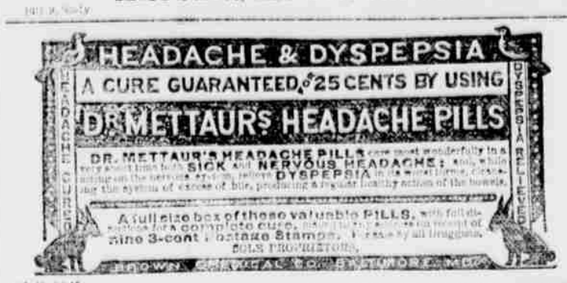
IMPORTED ALES AND PORTERS IN BOTTLES BY THE DOZEN.

Landlords through out the county will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

Main Street, 2nd Door below Iron.

jan 9, '80-1y



oct. 15, '80-1y

C. C. GALIGNAN,

Plumber, Gas Fitter, Tin and Sheet Iron Worker,

AND DEALER IN

STOVES, HEATERS AND RANGES,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Shop in Opera House, 6th door

april 23, '80-1y

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, Columbia county, ss:

Among the records and proceedings of the Orphans' Court in and for said county, it is ordered in the estate of Gotlieb Gunther, deceased.

And now, to wit, September 1st, 1880, the petition of W. H. Rilhen, Robert Buckingham is appointed Auditor on exceptions to account.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the record this twenty-third day of Sept., 1880.

WM KRICKBAUM, Clerk O. C.

G. M. QUICK, Deputy.

In pursuance of the above appointment the undersigned will meet the parties interested at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, the 16th day of October, A. D., 1880, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 p. m.

R. BUCKINGHAM, Auditor.

oct. 1, '80-4w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JAMES BARRY, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the consent of parties in interest, by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrators of the estate of James Barry, deceased, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday, November 12, 1880, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day to perform the duties of his appointment when and where all persons interested are required to appear and make proof of their claims or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

GEO. E. ELWELL, Auditor.

Farmer's Wives and their Needs.

Mrs. Clara Colby, of Nebraska, read a very sensible paper before the Women's Congress at Boston on the ills which attend the life of the farmer's wife. Her pictures of the characteristics of existence on a farm were drawn chiefly from observation of the farming communities of the West and the West; but the life she describes is a little different from that we see in agricultural portions of even the oldest States at the East.

There is the same monotony, the same seclusion, the same lack of wholesome traction with society, whether the detached farm is in Nebraska or New York and the daily routine is one place very like that in the other. Moreover, we must remember that our great farming regions are no longer at the East: that the richest granaries of the country and of the world are not now in the Genesee Valley, but in Minnesota and beyond.

Mrs. Colby first spoke of early marriage as fruitful of many troubles. Matrimony is easily and taken in rural life, and the country girl assumes the cares of a household and maternity at an age when the city and village girls are still at school. Her health is likely to break down in consequence, her nerves to become shattered, and the hardships which are necessarily incident to farm life in its beginning made her old prematurely and she may add another to "the long list of farmer's wives who are found in our insane asylums."

When the country boy thinks of starting out for himself in life, his first care is to look out for a wife among the neighboring girls. Perhaps there are not very many competitors to interfere with him, and if he is a likely young fellow, he is not apt to find it hard to win a helpmate. He is not after money, nor a fine social alliance. All he wants is a wife, and because he has nothing to offer her but his heart the girl is none the less ready to accept him. Worldly considerations do not affect her choice of a husband.

She receives a cow and a feather bed as her dowry, and he gets a team from his father as his capital in business, after having given his work under parental authority up to the age of twenty-one. This, Mrs. Colby says, is the common custom throughout the region of which, and it is substantially the same as that prevalent in the United States.

The couple may begin housekeeping on a rented farm, one third of the produce of which comes to them from their toil. If they get more than a bare subsistence, it must be an exceptionally good year for crops and prices. Perhaps some of the young men may be able to buy their own farms, or make a first payment on them. In the East the oldest and in the west the youngest son generally stays at the homestead, but the life is apt to be irksome to him, and at last he plucks up courage and goes after his brothers to new fields in the west.

The most eastern States for these pioneers nowadays are Iowa and Minnesota but the chief object points are Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, and Texas. Dugouts—unhealthy and gloomy at the best, may be their first habitation, and even when houses are built they are small, inconvenient, and finished only by degrees. The women's work in them is peculiarly trying. "No one only familiar with the comfortable homesteads of the East, can form any conception of what farming is to the Western women. The fuel is not under cover, the water is hard to draw, when the land is bought, and not home-stead, there are payments to be met; and until the land is clear the farmer feels that nothing must be expended for comforts in the house."

Debt and poverty rest over these homes, overwork breaks down the women, who may rebel against the hardships of their lives, and seek to change them by escaping from the bonds of matrimony. "Divorces are frightfully common among the farmers of the West," Mrs. Colby tells us. And even when the farmer's wife sees her husband gaining in prosperity she finds no lessening of her arduous labors. They may rather increase. "More stock, more grain and fruit, more help to the farmer, all these mean more work to the woman. She can seldom procure help, for such as there is naturally seeks the town." Besides taking care of the house and children, she must look after the poultry, and, her husband having no time to "potter" in the garden, she must plant, hoe, and gather such vegetables as she needs for the table. She is cook, nurse, wash maid, chore boy, gardener, all in one. She loses regard for her personal appearance, and perhaps becomes an untidy drudge, careless of beauty in herself or her surroundings. "Anything will do at home or is good enough for the family." They live, as they tell you, a dog's life of it, but without a thought that they are in any way responsible for their wretchedness.

They do not even have the diversion and excitement of buying their own clothes. "As a rule, the husband makes the purchases, even to procuring his wife's dresses, while she rarely or never has control of a dollar. The wife remains a child in finance, and if she is ever intrusted with the shopping, she does it awkwardly and unwisely." She may get to town twice a year; her nearest neighbor may be miles away; the loneliness of the farm life drives the daughters to town to work, and leaves the mother to still greater loneliness at home, "in which, perhaps the spirit chafes until it breaks the bounds of reason."

An early marriage has prevented her getting sufficient schooling and she is lamentably deficient in intellectual resources. She knows nothing of hygiene, and only a stout constitution can resist the hard usage to which she subjects her health with indigestible food and impure air. What little social intercourse she has may serve to add to her labors rather than to relieve them: for when she entertains company she is overcome with the work of providing a profusion of food for her company, and "the extra fuss necessitates stinting afterward."

This is a gloomy picture certainly, and the life it holds up to us is one devoid of all those graces and beauties which make existence tolerable to a person of refinement or of social tastes. And yet, that it truthfully represents the circumstances of the lives of many thousand farmers' wives there can be no question. Their hard lot and the dreary monotony and course toil of their existence are told in their haggard faces and dull eyes.

But what is the remedy? Mrs. Colby advocates the establishment of agricultural colleges in every State, with free tuition for both men and women, for by the census of 1870 there were over 20,000 women in the United States engaged in agricultural pursuits, besides five million farmers' wives. She would also have colleges of domestic economy for girls, where the proper preparation of food, care of the health and dwelling, and household thrift should be taught. "The educated women will govern more economically, govern more wisely and more advantageously, besides having a better time in doing it." She should also be stimulated to interest herself in the county agricultural society, and these societies should become a guild looking after the welfare of their individual members, men and women both. "The grange might have been such a guild had it not undertaken to manage the politics and finances of the nation; yet even this has been a great educator to women in districts where it has been successfully established."

There is no class in the country whose moral and intellectual improvement needs more earnest than these farmers' wives, and none whose social wants are so ill supplied.

The Greatest Blessing.

A Simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, and is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it? See another column.—*Eagle.*

A Letter Puzzle.

HOW A NEWLY MARRIED LADY DECEIVED HER HUSBAND.

Somebody sends the following to the *Syracuse Journal*, with a request to have it reprinted, to show the ingenuity of a young bride who was obliged to show her correspondence to a tyrannical husband in writing to a friend:

"I cannot be satisfied, my dearest friend blest as I am in the matrimonial state, unless I pour into your friendly bosom, which has ever been united with mine, the various deep sensations which swell with the liveliest emotions of pleasure my almost bursting heart. I tell you dear husband is one of the most amiable men. I have been married seven weeks, and have never found the least reason to repent the day that joined us; he is in person and manners, far from resembling an ugly disagreeable, jealous monster who think by confining to secure a wife, it is his maxim to treat as a bosom friend and confident, and not as a play thing or menial slave, the woman chosen to be his companion. Neither party he says ought to obey implicitly:—but each yield to the other by turns. An ancient maiden aunt nearly seventy, a cheerful, venerable, pleasant old lady lives in the house with us—she is the delight of the young and old—she is civil to all in the neighborhood around generous and charitable to the poor—I know my husband loves nothing more than he does me; he flatters me more than the glass, and his intoxication (for such I must call the excess of love) makes me blush for the unworthiness of its object, wish I could be deserving of the man whose name I bear. To say all in one word, my dear—and to crown the whole, my former gallant lover is my indulgent husband, my fondness is returned, and I might have married a prince, without the felicity I find with him. May you be blest, as I am unable to wish that I could be made more happy."

The key to the above letter is to read the first and then every alternate line.

Ventilation of Boots and Shoes.

It is a matter of the most common every-day experience that in the wearing of boots and shoes, and especially those made of rubber, the feet sweat and heat almost continually in cold weather, making the feet clammy and cold, and inducing chilblains, and warm weather, with the best precaution, exceedingly noxious. It is doubtless because of much of the rotting and breaking of uppers, and is, above all, an exceedingly unhealthy, feature of the present method of dressing the feet. Attempts have heretofore been made to obviate this in a number of ways for instance, by inner soles of different kinds intended to absorb the moisture; and unsuccessful efforts have been made to ventilate the boot or shoe. Every person feels the need of something that will satisfactorily accomplish this object. A recent invention does this effectually, and is an exceedingly simple device. It consists of a spiral coiled brass wire, laid in a groove extending in and around the under side of the insole of the boot or shoes, whith holes punched at close intervals immediately over the coil. The coil is extended along to the heel, and carried to the top, where it stops at an eyelet hole, forming, when walking, a complete automatic air pump, continually drawing in pure air and throwing off the foul and heated air.

$5 Outfit free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. oct. 15, 80-ly

BUSINESS CARDS
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM.
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND,
The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.

This compound, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate health. Upon several months' trial the merits of this Compound will be promptly acknowledged in immediately and when it is discontinued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure effected. Thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is freely recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Falling of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, Ulceration, Trouble, Inflammation and Congestion, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact, it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

It cures all Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 23 and 25 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. MRS. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this paper.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO.,
General Agents, Phila., Pa.
SOLD BY
MOYER BROTHERS, Bloomsburg, Pa.
June 12, '79.

If you are a man of dissipation, overcome by the storms of your dotage, from stimulants and use Hop Bitters.

If you are young and dissipation, or single, old or poor health or languishing, use Hop Bitters.

Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating, without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.

Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.

If you are simply weak and low-spirited, use Hop Bitters. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

If you are a victim of intemperance, overwhelmed with drink, use Hop Bitters.

If you are a lady suffering from any indiscretion, use Hop Bitters.

Thousands die annually from the terrible form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.

HOP BITTERS

Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.

HOP BITTERS MFG CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.
FACTS WORTH KNOWING.

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many other of the best medicines known are so skillfully combined in PARKER'S GINGER TONIC as to make it the greatest Blood Purifier and The Best Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used.

So perfect is the composition of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC that no disease can long exist where it is used. If you have Dyspepsia, Headache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Bowel, Kidney or Liver Disorder, or if you need a mild stimulant, or appetizer, the TONIC is just the medicine for you, as it is highly curative and invigorating but never intoxicating.

If you are slowly wasting away with Consumption or any sickness, if you have a Painful Cough or a bad Cold, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will surely help you. It gives new life and vigor to the feeble and aged, and is a certain cure for Rheumatism and Cholera Infantum. It has Saved Hundreds of Lives: It May Save Yours.

If you are feeling miserable don't wait until you are down sick, but use the TONIC to-day. No matter what your disease or symptoms may be it will give prompt relief.

Remember! PARKER'S GINGER TONIC is not a rum drink but the Best and Purest Family Medicine ever made, compounded by a new process, and entirely different from Bitters, ginger preparations and all other Tonics. Try a 50c. bottle. Your druggist can supply you.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
The Best and Most Economical Hair Dressing
exquisitely perfumed and perfectly harmless.
Will Always Restore Gray or Faded Hair
to its original youthful color and appearance, and is warranted to stop its falling, assist its growth and prevent baldness.
A few applications of the BALSAM will soften the hair, cleanse it of dandruff and cure itching and humours of the scalp. Sold by all druggists at *sixty cents.*
oct. 1, 80-4t

$10 Outfit furnished free, with full instructions for conducting the most profitable business that any one can engage in. Business pleasant and easy to learn, and our instructions are so simple and plain, that any one can make great profits from the very start. No one can fail who is willing to work. Women make as much as men, boys and girls can earn large sums. Many have made at the business over one hundred dollars in a single week. Nothing like it ever known before. All who engage are surprised at the ease and rapidity with which they are able to make money. You can engage in this business during your spare time at great profit. You do not have to invest capital in it. We take all the risk. Those who need ready money, should write to us at once. All furnished free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine oct. 15, 80-ly

PERRY DAVIS'
VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER
A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY
For Internal and External Use,
Is a SURE CURE for all the Diseases for which it is recommended, and is ALWAYS PERFECTLY SAFE in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

It is a sure and quick remedy for COUGHS, SORE THROAT, CHILLS, and similar troubles, affords instant relief in the most malignant forms of DIPHTHERIA, and is the best known remedy for RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA.
THE OLDEST, BEST, AND MOST WIDELY KNOWN FAMILY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.
It has been used with such wonderful success in all parts of the world for CRAMPS, CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and all BOWEL COMPLAINTS, that it is considered an infallible cure for these diseases.
HAS STOOD THE TEST OF 40 YEARS' CONSTANT USE IN ALL COUNTRIES AND CLIMATES.
It is RECOMMENDED by Physicians, Missionaries, Ministers, Managers of Plantations, Work-Shops, and Factories, Nurses in Hospitals—in short, by Everybody everywhere who has ever given it a trial.
IT IS WITHOUT A RIVAL AS A LINIMENT.
It should always be used for Pain in the Back and Side, and brings quick and permanent relief in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Severe Burns, Scalds, etc.
NO FAMILY CAN SAFELY BE WITHOUT IT. It will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills, and its price brings it within the reach of all. It is sold at 25c., 50c., and $1.00 a bottle, and can be obtained from all druggists.
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. I.
Proprietors.
April 9, '79—eow w&co

BROWNING'S C&C CORDIAL
FOR
Coughs,
Colds,
Bronchitis,
Hoarseness,
Tickling or Dryness of the Throat,
Sore Throat,
Cold in the Head,
Croup,
Influenza,
Whooping-Cough,
Cold in the Bowels,
Asthmatic Coughs,
and relief of Consumptives.

DR. BROWNING is a regular graduate of medicine, a skilful physician, and a thorough chemist. His "C. & C." Cough and Cold Cordial is not the result of mere chance, but of long scientific research in chemistry and medicine, as is plainly seen by the rapidity of its action and its unparalleled efficacy. The expense in its manufacture is at least five times greater than that of any other medicine upon the market, and yet it is sold at the exceedingly low price of 50c.
☞ Sample bottles (for a short time only) 25 cts.
W. CHAMPION BROWNING, M. D., Proprietor, 1117 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
☞ FOR SALE BY THE PROPRIETOR AND ALL DRUGGISTS.
dec 5, 79—ly—eow

DR. CLARK JOHNSON'S
Indian Blood Syrup,
LABORATORY,
77 W. 3d St., New York City
LATE OF JERSEY CITY.

[TRADE MARK.]
CURES Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Biliousness, Nervous Debility, &c.
The Best REMEDY KNOWN to Man!
70,000 AGENTS HAVE SOLD SINCE 1879
9,000,000 Bottles.
This Syrup Possesses Varied Properties.

It stimulates the Ptyaline in the Saliva, which converts the starch and sugar of the food into glucose. A deficiency in Ptyaline causes Wind and Souring of the food in the stomach. If the medicine is taken immediately after eating the fermentation of food is prevented.
It acts upon the Liver.
It acts upon the Kidneys.
It Regulates the Bowels
It Purifies the Blood.
It Quiets the Nervous System.
It Promotes Digestion.
It Nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.
It carries off the Old Blood and makes new.
It opens the pores of the skin and induces Healthy Perspiration.

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrofula, Leprosy, Salt Rheum, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humours.
There are no spirits employed in its manufacture, and it can be taken by the most delicate babe, or by the aged and feeble, *care only being required to attention to directions.*
PRICE OF LARGE BOTTLES, - $1.00
PRICE OF SMALL BOTTLES, - 50
Read the VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIALS of Persons who have been CURED by the use of the BLOOD PURIFIER.
CAUTION TO DRUGGISTS.
Beware of counterfeit Medicine. I employ no agents or runners to solicit trade from druggists.

Best Medicine Ever Used.

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.
Dear Sir:—I had been troubled for a long time with a Pain in my Stomach, and found no relief until I began using your Indian Blood Syrup. Find it the best medicine in use, and I can recommend it to all, old and young. It saves many dollars in doctors' bills, and one large bottle did me more good than five dollars worth of other medicine.
Nathan Labarr.

An Astonishing Cure.

Monroe, Wyoming county, Pa.
Dear Sirs:—I had been afflicted with a Cough, Loss of Appetite and Dyspepsia for ten years. I could not properly attend to my business, and hearing of your justly celebrated Indian Blood Syrup, I resolved to try it, which I did, and in a short time was much improved. I now have a good Appetite, and have enjoyed good health ever since I commenced its use.
J. Labarr.

Sick Headache Cured.

Bowman's Creek, Wyoming county, Pa.
Dear Sirs:—I had Sick Headache and by the use of your Indian Blood Syrup I was greatly relieved. I recommend all to try its valuable properties.
J. W. Burnett.

The Remedy did more than she Expected,

Newberry, Lycoming county, Pa.
Dear Sirs:—The Indian Blood Syrup did more than I expected it would and it has cured me of Liver Complaint. I use it as a Medicine and would not be without it.
Mrs. Mary Charman.

Headache and Dizziness.

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.
Dear Sirs:—Your Indian Blood Syrup has cured me of Headache, Dizziness and Loss of Appetite, so that I am now able to work in my factory. My wife derived more benefit from its use than from any other medicine.
Henry Russel.

Would not be Without it.

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.
Dear Sirs:—The Indian Blood Syrup is the best I ever used and I would not be without it, it is good for all complaints.
John Burkhart.

Diseases of the Stomach.

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.
Dear Sirs:—This is to certify that I had a Weak Stomach and could eat no meat or any hearty food whatever. By a friend's advice I commenced the use of your Indian Blood Syrup, which after a short trial, effectually relieved me and I can now eat anything I choose. Your Syrup gives universal satisfaction.
Elizabeth Hadsall.

All that it is recommended to be.

Opera House, Columbia, Pa.
Dear Sirs:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup and it has proven just as represented. I can recommend it to all.
Wm. Boehm,
Wholesale Merchant, 5th street.

Unanimous Recommendation

The following add their testimony for the Indian Blood Syrup:
H. E. Groff, engineer P. R. R.
J. G. Smith, at Baldwin's steel Works.
Mrs. Sarah Shaffer, of Columbia.
A. Bruner, of Washingtonburgh.
John Kenyn, of Sale Harbor.

Would not be Without it.

Benton, Columbia county, Pa.
Dear Sirs:—I have used your excellent INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and have received much benefit therefrom. I could not get along without it.
Mrs. Barber.

Never Fails to Cure.

East Lemon, Wyoming Co, Pa.
Dear Sir:—I was sick for three years, and under professional treatment most of the time without being benefitted. At last I was induced to try your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and after a short trial, I found myself in better health than I had been for six years.
Mrs. Theresa Ball

Sure Cure for Liver Complaint.

Rohrsburg, Columbia Co, Pa.
Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has been used by me, for Liver Complaint, which had been troubling me for a long time I derived more benefit from the use of the Syrup than from any other medicine. I heartily recommend it, and advise all sufferers to give it a trial.
I. P Smith

Loss of Appetite.

Rohrsburg, Columbia county Pa.
Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP for Loss of Appetite and Weakness of the Stomach, with very beneficial results. I believe your medicine to be the greatest blood purifier known, and advise all who may be suffering as I was to give it a speedy trial.
Mrs. E Avery

Pains in Shoulders.

Rohrsburg, Columbia county, Pa.
Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has greatly relieved me of Pains in the Shoulder and Chest, which I had been afflicted with for years. I recommend it very highly.
Mrs. Mary Welsh.

Kidney Complaint.

Bear Gap, Columbia County, Pa.
Dear Sir:—My Father has been suffering with Kidney Complaint for a long time and had been under doctors' treatment, but the doctors could not effect a cure. I have been subject to a Numbness and Weakness in my left Arm. We obtained some of your invaluable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP from your Agent, Wm. H. Potter, and it has cured my father completely, and my arm is much better. It does not trouble me half so much. Your medicine is excellent.
Josiah John.

Female Complaints.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.
Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I purchased some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP for my wife for Inflamation and Female Complaint, and it has given her relief.
J K Berner

Best Medicine Ever Used.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.
Dear Sir:—My little son was troubled with his water passing from him constantly, day and night, I consulted two doctors and gave him medicine, but without effect. I bought some of your celebrated INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP, a short trial of which, cured him.
Lambert Camp.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion,

Numida, Columbia County, Pa.
Dear Sir:—For many years my wife was afflicted with Dyspepsia, and we spent considerable money without receiving benefit. We procured some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and she began to improve in health from the time she commenced its use.
Solomon D Snyder

Liver Complaint,

Centralia, Columbia Co, Pa.
Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I was unwell and could scarcely attend to my work. I think my Liver was affected. I procured some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and now, after a short trial, feel like a new man. I recommend its use to all.
Daniel Goodman.

Dyspepsia and Neuralgia

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.
Dear Sir:—Your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has effected a perfect cure in my case. I had been afflicted with the Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, but am now entirely well.
Mrs. John Thornton.

Bilious Stomach Cured.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.
Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Bilious Complaint and by the use of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP it has effectually cured me.
John N Williams.

Dyspepsia Cured.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.
Dear Sir:—Your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has cured me of Dyspepsia.
Mrs. S B Adkins.

Liver Complaint.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co,
Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Indigestion, but I was permanently cured by using valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP.
Mrs. G P Barringame.
1879-1y W & CO

PEOPLE
DRUG STORE,
Main Street above Iron,
BLOOMSBURG PENN'A.
DEALER IN
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Soaps Brushes, Sponges, Perfumery, etc.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded and orders answered with care and despatch. Farmers and physicians from the country will find our stock of medicines complete warrants genuine and of the best quality.
JOHN H. KINPORT,
Jan. 28, '80-1y Proprietor.

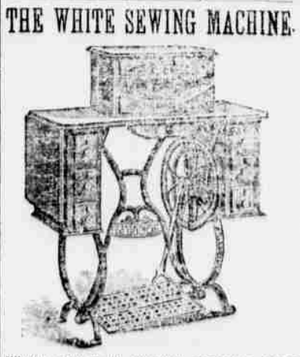
NERVOUS DEBILITY.
GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.
TRADE MARK

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY, an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of self abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption, and a Premature Grave. ☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Merchants' Block, Detroit, Mich. Sold in bloomsburg by C. A. Klein.
ea may 7, '80-1y

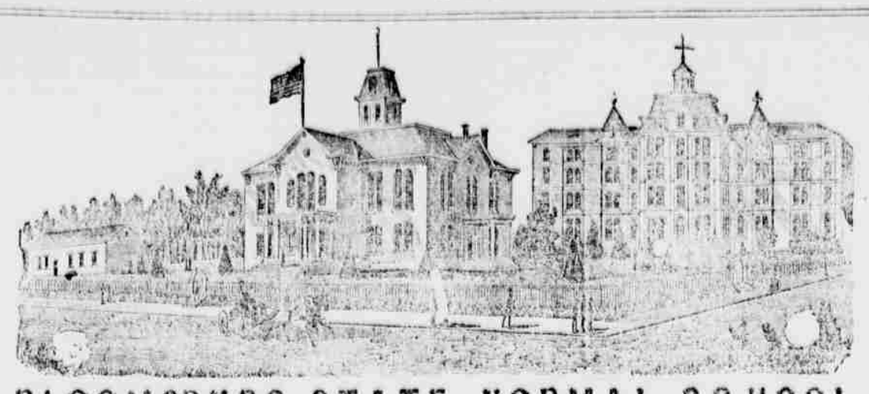
TRADE MARK

BEFORE TAKING.
AFTER TAKING.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE.



Whereas, the world renowned reputation of the
White Sewing Machine
induces many unscrupulous competitors to resort to all kinds of mean tricks to injure its reputation, we beg to caution all intending purchasers not to buy a
WHITE MACHINE
except from its regular authorized dealers, who will be sustained by the following warranty.
WE WARRANT THE NATURAL WEAR AND TEAR OF THE
White Shuttle Sewing Machine.
PLATE NUMBER 100,000 FOR FAMILY PURPOSES, AND HEREBY AGREE TO KEEP THE SAME IN REPAIR FOR THE TERM OF FIVE YEARS FROM THIS DATE, THE USE OF CHARGE.
This warranty excepts the breakage of needles bobbins and shuttles.
This warranty will not be sustained unless the plate number above given corresponds with the number on the shuttle race slide. Beware of defaced or altered numbers.
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.
The "WHITE" Shuttle Sewing Machine
Has GREATER CAPACITY than any other family Sewing Machine for doing every variety of work.
J. SALTZER, General Agent,
Oct. 1, '80-tf. Bloomsburg, Pa.



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL
SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.
Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., Ph. D., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.
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Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.
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The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees: Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.
The course of study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.
The State confers a higher order of diplomas. The Degrees delineated. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her schools. The best of outfits for young persons of good abilities and good purposes, whether their means and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aids in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.
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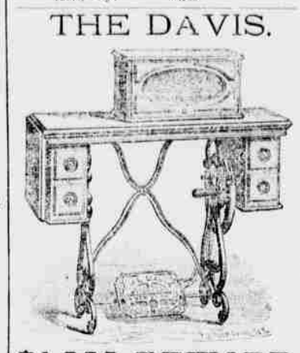

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ONE THOUSAND (1,000) DOLLARS PREMIUM offered to ANY PERSON that will prove as GREAT A RANGE OF WORK on ANY OTHER MACHINE, WHAT THE
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Will do without basting.
It will make wide hem on sheets, &c., hem all manner of ruffles with gathers well merited, tape, or goods sufficient to hem on other machines. It makes a more elastic stitch than any other machine. It will turn a hem and put in piping at same time.
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It will tell across seams on any goods.
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It will gather with or with out sewing on.
It will gather between two pieces and sew on at the same time.
It will make a ruffle and stitch a pillow slip on to the facing at the same time.
It will alter any kind of goods.
It will make plaited trimming either with or without sewing it on.
It will make plaited trimming either scalloped or straight and sew a piping on at the same time. It will make knife plaiting.
J. SALTZER, Gen'l Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 1, '80-tf.

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Call on your druggist and get a bottle of the Mexican Remedy and convince yourself that it is the Best Medicine in the World.
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